

DAIKIN APPLIED (UK) LTD Technically better...

TZ Series Air cooled chiller with inverter driven screw compressor

# Controls operation manual

EWAD TZ-B EWAH TZ-B EWAD TZ-C EWAH TZ-C

Refrigerant: R-134a D-EOMZC00309-19\_03EN

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# **1 SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS**

# 1.1 General

Installation, start-up and servicing of equipment can be hazardous if certain factors particular to the installation are not considered: operating pressures, presence of electrical components and voltages and the installation site (elevated plinths and built-up up structures). Only properly qualified installation engineers and highly qualified installers and technicians, fully trained for the product, are authorized to install and start-up the equipment safely.

During all servicing operations, all instructions and recommendations, which appear in the installation and service instructions for the product, as well as on tags and labels fixed to the equipment and components and accompanying parts supplied separately, must be read, understood and followed.

Apply all standard safety codes and practices.

Wear safety glasses and gloves.



Do not operate on a faulty fan, pump or compressor before the main switch has been shut off. Overtemperature protection is auto-reset, therefore the protected component may restart automatically if temperature conditions allow it.

In some unit a push button is placed on a door of the unit electrical panel. The button is highlighted by a red color in yellow background. A manual pressure of the emergency stop button stops all loads from rotating, thus preventing any accident which may occur. An alarm is also generated by the Unit Controller. Releasing the emergency stop button enables the unit, which may be restarted only after the alarm has been cleared on the controller.



The emergency stop causes all motors to stop, but does not switch off power to the unit. Do not service or operate on the unit without having switched off the main switch.

# **1.2 Before switching the unit**

Before switching on the unit read the following recommendations:

- When all the operations and all the settings have been carried out, close all the switchbox panels
- The switchbox panels can only be opened by trained personnel
- When the UC requires to be accessed frequently the installation of a remote interface is strongly recommended
- LCD display of the unit controller may be damaged by extremely low temperatures (see chapter 2.4). For this reason, it is strongly recommended to never power off the unit during winter, especially in cold climates.

#### 1.3 Avoid electrocution

Only personnel qualified in accordance with IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) recommendations may be permitted access to electrical components. It is particularly recommended that all sources of electricity to the unit be shut off before any work is begun. Shut off main power supply at the main circuit breaker or isolator.

IMPORTANT: This equipment uses and emits electromagnetic signals. Tests have shown that the equipment conforms to all applicable codes with respect to electromagnetic compatibility.



Direct intervention on the power supply can cause electrocution, burns or even death. This action must be performed only by trained persons.



RISK OF ELECTROCUTION: Even when the main circuit breaker or isolator is switched off, certain circuits may still be energized, since they may be connected to a separate power source.



RISK OF BURNS: Electrical currents cause components to get hot either temporarily or permanently. Handle power cable, electrical cables and conduits, terminal box covers and motor frames with great care.

ATTENTION: In accordance with the operating conditions the fans can be cleaned periodically. A fan can start at any time, even if the unit has been shut down.

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 2

#### 2.1 **Basic Information**

Microtech® is a system for controlling single or dual-circuit air/water-cooled liquid chillers. Microtech® controls compressor start-up necessary to maintain the desired heat exchanger leaving water temperature. In each unit mode it controls the operation of the condensers to maintain the proper condensation process in each circuit.

Safety devices are constantly monitored by Microtech® to ensure their safe operation. Microtech® also gives access to a Test routine covering all inputs and outputs.

#### 2.2 Abbreviations used

In this manual, the refrigeration circuits are called circuit #1 and circuit #2. The compressor in circuit #1 is labelled Cmp1. The other in circuit #2 is labelled Cmp2. The following abbreviations are used:

- A/C Air Cooled
- CEWT Condenser Entering Water Temperature
- CLWT Condenser Leaving Water Temperature
- СР Condensing Pressure
- Condensing Saturated Refrigerant Temperature CSRT
- DSH **Discharge Superheat**
- DT **Discharge Temperature** E/M Energy Meter Module
- Evaporator Entering Water Temperature EEWT
- Evaporator Leaving Water Temperature ELWT
- EP Evaporating Pressure
- Evaporating Saturated Refrigerant Temperature ESRT
- FXV Electronic Expansion Valve
- HMI Human Machine Interface
- MOP Maximum operating pressure
- SSH Suction SuperHeat ST
- Suction Temperature UC Unit controller (Microtech)

#### 2.3 **Controller Operating Limits**

Operation (IEC 721-3-3):

- Temperature -40...+70 °C
- Restriction LCD -20... +60 °C •
- Restriction Process-Bus -25....+70 °C
- Humidity < 90 % r.h (no condensation) .
- Air pressure min. 700 hPa, corresponding to max. 3,000 m above sea level

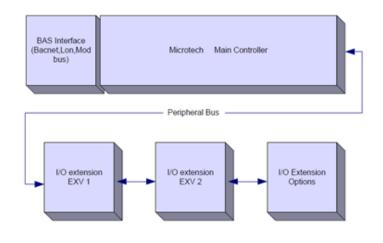
Transport (IEC 721-3-2):

- Temperature -40...+70 °C
- Humidity < 95 % r.h (no condensation)
- Air pressure min. 260 hPa, corresponding to max. 10,000 m above sea level. •

#### **Controller Architecture** 2.4

The overall controller architecture is the following:

- One Microtech main controller
- I/O extensions as needed depending on the configuration of the unit
- Communications interface(s) as selected
- Peripheral Bus is used to connect I/O extensions to the main controller.



CAUTION: Maintain the correct polarity when connecting the power supply to the boards, otherwise the peripheral bus communication will not operate and the boards may be damaged.

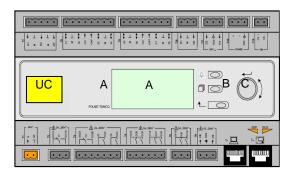
# 2.5 Communication Modules

Any of the following modules can be connected directly to the left side of the main controller to allow a BAS or other remote interface to function. Up to three can be connected to the controller at a time. The controller should automatically detect and configure itself for new modules after booting up. Removing modules from the unit will require manually changing the configuration.

Module	Siemens Part Number	Usage
BacNet/IP	POL908.00/MCQ	Optional
Lon	POL906.00/MCQ	Optional
Modbus	POL902.00/MCQ	Optional
BACnet/MSTP	POL904.00/MCQ	Optional

# **3 USING THE CONTROLLER**

The standard HMI consists of an inbuilt display (A) with 3 buttons (B) and a push'n'roll control (C).



The keypad/display (A) consists of a 5-line by 22 character display. The function of the three buttons (B) is described below:

- Alarm status (from any page it links with the page with alarm list, alarm log and alarm snapshot if available)
- Back to Main Page
- L Back to the previous level (it can be the Main Page)

The push'n'roll command (C) is used to scroll between the different menu pages, settings and data available on the HMI for the active password level. Rotating the wheel allows to navigate between lines on a screen (page) and to increase and decrease changeable values when editing. Pushing the wheel acts as an Enter Button and will jump from a link to the next set of parameters.

# 3.1 Navigating

When power is applied to the control circuit, the controller screen will be active and display the Home screen, which can also be accessed by pressing the Menu Button.

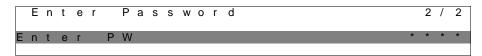
An example of the HMI screens is shown in the following picture.

	Μ	а	i	n		Μ	е	n	u			
Ε	n	t	е	r		Ρ	а	s	S	W	0	r c
U	n	i	t		S	t	а	t	u	s	=	
	0	f	f	:		U	n	i	t		S	W
А	С	t	i	v	е		S	е	t	р	t	=

A bell ringing in the top right corner will indicate an active alarm. If the bell doesn't move it means that the alarm has been acknowledged but not cleared because the alarm condition hasn't been removed. A LED will also indicate where the alarm is located between the unit or circuits.

	Μ	а	i	n		Μ	е	n	u				
Е	n	t	е	r		Ρ	а	S	S	W	0	r	d
U	n	i	t		S	t	а	t	u	s	=		
	0	f	f	:		U	n	i	t		S	W	
А	С	t	i	v	е		S	е	t	р	t	=	

The active item is highlighted in contrast, in this example the item highlighted in Main Menu is a link to another page. By pressing the push'n'roll, the HMI will jump to a different page. In this case the HMI will jump to the Enter Password page.



# 3.2 Passwords

The HMI structure is based on access levels that means that each password will disclose all the settings and parameters allowed to that password level. Basic informations about the status can be accessed without the need to enter the password. The user UC handles two level of passwords:

USER	5321
MAINTENANCE	2526

The following information will cover all data and settings accessible with the maintenance password. User password will disclose a subset of the settings explained in chapter.

In the Enter Password screen, the line with the password field will be highlighted to indicate that the field on the right can be changed. This represents a setpoint for the controller. Pressing the push'n'roll the individual field will be highlighted to allow an easy introduction of the numeric password.

	Е	n	t	е	r		Ρ	а	s	s	w	0	r	d	2	/	2
Е	n	t	е	r		Ρ	W								5 *	*	*

The password will time out after 10 minutes and is cancelled if a new password is entered or the control powers down. Entering an invalid password has the same effect as continuing without a password. It is changeable from 3 to 30 minutes via the Timer Settings menu in the Extended Menus.

# 3.3 Editing

The Editing Mode is entered by pressing the navigation wheel while the cursor is pointing to a line containing an editable field. Pressing the wheel again cause the new value to be saved and the keypad/display to leave the edit mode and return to the navigation mode.

# 3.4 Basic Control System Diagnostic

Microtech controller, extension modules and communication modules are equipped with two status LED (BSP and BUS) to indicate the operational status of the devices. The BUS LED indicates the status of the communication with the controller. The meaning of the two status LED is indicated below.

# Main Controller (UC)

BSP LED	Mode
Solid Green	Application running
Solid Yellow	Application loaded but not running (*) or BSP Upgrade mode active
Solid Red	Hardware Error (*)
Flashing Green	BSP startup phase. The controller needs time for starting.
Flashing Yellow	Application not loaded (*)
Flashing Yellow/Red	Fail safe mode (in case that the BSP upgrade was interrupted)
Flashing Red	BSP Error (software error*)
Flashing Red/Green	Application/BSP update or initialization
-	

(\*) Contact Service.

# Extension modules

BSP LED	Mode	BUS LED	Mode
Solid Green	BSP running	Solid Green	Communication running, I/O working
Solid Red	Hardware Error (*)	Solid Red	Communication down (*)
Flashing Red	BSP Error (*)	Solid Yellow	Communication running but parameter from the application
Flashing Red/Green	BSP upgrade mode	Solid reliow	wrong or missing, or uncorrect factory calibration

#### Communication modules

BSP LED (same for all modules)

BSP LED	Mode
Solid Green	BPS running, communication with controller
Solid Yellow	BSP running, no communication with controller (*)
Solid Red	Hardware Error (*)
Flashing Red	BSP Error (*)
Flashing Red/Green	Application/BSP update
(*) 0	

(\*) Contact Service.

# **BUS LED**

BUS LED	LON	Bacnet MSTP	Bacnet IP	Modbus
Solid Green	Ready for Communication. (All Parameter loaded, Neuron configured). Doesn't indicate a communication with other devices.	Ready for Communication. The BACnet Server is started. It doesn't indicate an active communication.	Ready for Communication. The BACnet Server is started. It doesn't indicate an active communication.	All Communication running
Solid Yellow	Startup	Startup	Startup. The LED stays yellow until the module receives a IP Address, therefore a link must be established.	Startup, or one configured channel not communicating to the Master
Solid Red	No Communication to Neuron (internal error, could be solved by downloading a new LON application).	BACnet Server down. Automatically a restart after 3 seconds are initiated.	BACnet Server down. Automatic restart after 3 seconds is initiated.	All configured Communications down. Means no communication to the Master. The timeout can be configured. In case that the timeout is zero the timeout is disabled.

BUS LED	LON	Bacnet MSTP	Bacnet IP	Modbus
Flashing Yellow	Communication not possible to the Neuron. The Neuron must be configured and set online over the LON Tool.			

# 3.5 Controller maintenance

The controller requires to maintain the installed battery. Every two years it's required to replace the battery. Battery model is: BR2032 and it is produced by many different vendors.

To replace the battery remove the plastic cover of the controller display using a screw driver as shown in the following pictures:

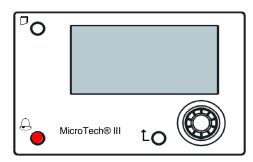


Be careful to avoid damages to the plastic cover. The new battery shall be placed in the proper battery holder which is highlighted in the picture, respecting the polarities indicated into the holder itself.

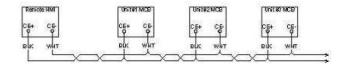
#### 3.6 Optional Remote User Interface

As an option an external Remote HMI can be connected on the UC. The Remote HMI offers the same features as the inbuilt display plus the alarm indication done with a light emitting diode located below the bell button.

All viewing and setpoint adjustments available on the unit controller are available on the remote panel. Navigation is identical to the unit controller as described in this manual.



The Remote HMI can be extended up to 700m using the process bus connection available on the UC. With a daisy-chain connection as below, a single HMI can be connected to up to 8 units. Refer to the specific HMI manual for details.



# 3.7 Embedded Web Interface

The Microtech controller has an embedded web interface that can be used to monitor the unit when connected to a local network. It is possible to configure the IP addressing of the Microtech as a fixed IP of DHCP depending on the network configuration.

With a common web browser a PC can connect with the unit controller entering the IP address of the controller or the host name, both visible in the "About Chiller" page accessible without entering a password.

When connected, it will be required to enter a user name and a password. Enter the following credential to get access to the web interface:

User Name: Daikin

Password: Daikin@Web

	red by http://192.168 this site is not secure	
Username		
Password		
	Sign in	Cancel

The Main Menu page will be displayed. The page is a copy of the onboard HMI and follows the same rules in terms of access levels and structure.

Home	Refresh Show/Hide trend	Logout	Step trending × Setpoint × Evaporator EWT
Info	<sup>1</sup> Main Menu		A Setbolik A Evapolator EW I
	Enter Password		Online trend
	View/Set Unit	•	12
	View/Set Circuit	•	
	Unit Status	•	10
	Auto: Max Pulldn Rat	e 🕨	9
	Setpoint	7.0°C 🕨	8
	Evaporator LWT	10.0°C 🕨	7
	Unit Capacity	16.5% 🕨 🗸	08:58:45 08:58:50 08:58:55 08:59 08:59:05 08:59:10 08:59:15 08:59:20 08:59:25 08:39:30 08:59:35
• \$	F	sc 💿 ок	Date

In addition it allows to trend log a maximum of 5 different quantities. It's required to click on the value of the quantity to monitor and the following additional screen will become visible:

Depending on the web browser and its version the trend log feature may not be visible. It's required a web browser supporting HTML 5 like for example:

- Microsoft Internet Explorer v.11,
- Google Chrome v.37,
- Mozilla Firefox v.32.

These software are only an example of the browser supported and the versions indicated have to be intended as minimum versions.

# **4 WORKING WITH THIS UNIT**

# 4.1 Chiller On/Off

Starting from factory setup, unit On/Off can be managed by the user using the selector **Q0**, placed in the electrical panel, which can switch between three positions: **0** – **Local** – **Remote**.

QO	0	Unit is disabled
QO	Loc (Local)	Unit is enabled to start the compressors
	Rem (Remote)	Unit On/Off is managed through the "Remote On/Off" physical contact. Closed contact means unit enabled. Opened contact means unit disabled. Refer to the electrical wiring diagram, Field Wiring Connection page, to find the references about Remote On/Off contact. Generally, this contact is used to bring out from the electrical panel the

Some chiller models can be equipped with additional selectors Q1 - Q2 used to enable or disabled specific refrigerant circuit.



Unit controller provides also additional software features to manage unit start/stop, that are set by default to allow unit start:

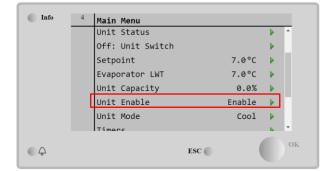
- 1. Keypad On/Off
- 2. Scheduler (Time programmed On/Off)

on/off selector

3. Network On/Off (optional with communication modules)

#### 4.1.1 Keypad On/Off

In the main page, scroll down until Unit Enable menu, where are available all settings to manage unit and circuits start/stop.



Info	4	Unit Enable			•
		Unit		Enable	Þ
		Circuit 1		Enable	Þ
		Circuit 2		Enable	Þ
			ESC 🔵	(	

Parameter	Range	Description
Unit	Disable	Unit disabled
	Enable	Unit enabled
	Scheduler	Unit start/stop can be time programmed for each weekday
Circuit #X	Disable	Circuit #X disabled
	Enable	Circuit #X enabled
	Test	Circuit #X in test mode. This feature has to be used only from trained person or Daikin service

		×		×
Unit	Enable 🔻		Circuit 1	Enable 🔹
	Disable			Disable
	Enable			Enable
	Scheduler			Test
Save Cancel			Save Cancel	

# 4.1.2 Scheduler and Silent mode functionalities

The Scheduler function can be used when is required an automatic chiller start/stop programming. To use this function, follow below instructions:

- 1. Q0 selector = Local (refer to 4.1)
- 2. Unit Enable = Scheduler (refer to 4.1.1)
- 3. Controller date and time properly set (refer to 4.7)

Scheduler programming is available going in Main Page → View/Set Unit → Scheduler menu

Info	4	Scheduler			Info	4	01:Monday			
		State	Off				Time 1	(	90 : 00	
		Monday	Active				Value 1		Off	Þ
		Tuesday	Passive				Time 2	6	97:30	Þ
		Wednesday	Passive				Value 2		Off	Þ
		Thursday	Passive				Time 3	د	* :*	Þ
		Friday	Passive				Value 3		Off	Þ
		Saturday	Passive				Time 4	د	* :*	Þ
		Sundav	Passive	*			Value 4		Off	▶ -
<u></u>			ESC	ок	• \$			ESC		0

For each weekday can be programmed up to six time bands with a specific operating mode. First operating mode starts at Time 1, ends at Time 2 when will start the second operating mode and so on until the latest.

		×			
Time 1	00 <b>-</b>	: 00 •	Value 1	Off	
				Off	
				On 1	
				On 2	
			Save	Cancel On 1 - Si	lent
Save	Cancel		1 ± me +	On 2 - Si	lent

Depending on unit type, different operating modes are available:

Parameter	Range	Description
Value 1	Off	Unit disabled
	On Setpoint 1	Unit enabled – Water setpoint 1 selected
	On Setpoint 2	Unit enabled – Water setpoint 2 selected
	On 1 - Silent	Unit enabled – Water setpoint 1 selected – Fan silent mode enabled
	On 2 - Silent	Unit enabled – Water setpoint 2 selected – Fan silent mode enabled

When the **Fan Silent Mode** function is enabled the chiller noise level is reduced decreasing the maximum speed allowed for fans. Maximum Speed of Fans is reduced to 75% in order to reduce noise level.

# 4.1.3 Network On/Off

Chiller On/Off can be managed also with serial protocol, if the unit controller is equipped with one or more communication modules (BACNet, Modbus or LON). In order to control the unit over the network, follow below instructions:

- 1. Q0 selector = Local (refer to 4.1)
- 2. Unit Enable = Enable (refer to 4.1.1)
- 3. Control Source = Network (refer to 4.5)
- 4. Close the contact Local/Network Switch (refer to 4.5), when required!

# 4.2 Water Setpoints

Purpose of this unit is to cool or to heat (in case of heat pump) the water temperature, to the setpoint value defined by the user and displayed in the main page:

Info	<sup>4</sup> Main Menu			2	
	Enter Password	▶ ≜	Info	<sup>2</sup> Tmp Setpoints	
	View/Set Unit	•		Cool LWT 1	7.0°C 🌔 🔺
	View/Set Circuit			Cool LWT 2	7.0°C 🕨
				Ice LWT	-4.0°C 🕨
	Unit Status			Max LWT	18.0°C 🕨
	Off: Unit Switch	<u> </u>		Min LWT	-8.0°C 🕨
	Setpoint	7.0°C ▶		HR EWT Sp	40.0°C 🕨
	Evaporator LWT	7.0°C ▶		HR EWT Dif	2.0°C 🕨
	Unit Capacity	0.0% 🕨 📍		HR Lock Limit	25.0°C 🕨 🗸
Ģ	ESC	ОК	<u>م</u>		sco

The unit can work with a primary or a secondary setpoint, that can be managed as indicated below:

- 1. Keypad selection + Double Setpoint digital contact
- 2. Keypad selection + Scheduler Configuration
- 3. Network
- 4. Setpoin Reset function

As first step the primary and secondary setpoints need to be defined. From main menu, with user password, press on **Setpoint.** 

Parameter	Range	Description
Cool LWT 1	Ranges of the Cool, Heat, Ice setpoint	Primary cooling setpoint.
Cool LWT 2	are reported in the IOM of every	Secondary cooling setpoint.
Ice LWT	specific unit.	Setpoint for Ice mode.
Max LWT		High limit for Cool LWT1 and Cool LWT2
Min LWT		Low limit for Cool LWT1 and Cool LWT2
HR EWT Sp		Heat Recovery Entering Water Setpoint
HR Dif		Heat Recovery Water Temperature differential
HR Lock Limit		Heat Recovery Lock Limi
HR Delta Sp		Heat Recovery Delta Setointp

The change between primary and secondary setpoint can be performed using the **Double setpoint** contact, always available in the user terminal box, or through the **Scheduler** function.

Double setpoint contact works as below:

- Contact opened, the primary setpoint is selected
- Contact closed, the secondary setpoint is selected

In order to change between primary and secondary setpoint with the Scheduler, refer to the section 4.1.2.



When the scheduler function is enabled, the Double setpoint contact is ignored

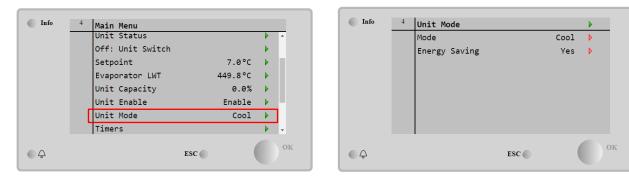
When the operating mode Cool/Ice w/Glycol is selected, the Double Setpoint contact will be used to switch between the Cool and Ice mode, producing no change on the active setpoint

To modify the active setpoint through network connection, refer to Network control section 4.5.

The active setpoint can further modified using the Setpoint Reset function as explained in the section 4.10.3.

# 4.3 Unit Mode

The **Unit Mode** is used to define if the chiller is working to produce chilled or heated water. Current mode is reported in the main page to the item **Unit Mode**.



Depending on the unit type, different operating modes can be selected entering, with maintenance password, in the **Unit Mode** menu. In the table below are listed and explained all modes.

Parameter	Range	Description	Unit Range
Mode	Cool	Set if chilled water temperature up to 4°C is required. No glycol is generally needed in the water circuit, unless ambient temperature may reach low values.	A/C
	Cool w/Glycol	Set if chilled water temperature below 4°C is required. This operation requires proper glycol/water mixture in the evaporator water circuit.	A/C
	Cool/Ice w/Glycol	Set in case a dual cool/ice mode is required. The switch between the two modes is performed using the contact physical Double Setpoint. Double Setpoint opened: the chiller will work in cooling mode with the Cool LWT being as the Active Setpoint. Double Setpoint closed: The chiller will work in Ice mode with the Ice LWT as the Active Setpoint.	A/C
	Ice w/Glycol	Set if Ice storage is required. The application requires the compressors to operate at full load until the ice bank is completed, and then to stop for at least 12 hours. In this mode the compressor(s) will not operate at part load, but will work only in on/off mode.	A/C
	Test	Enables the Manual Control of the unit. The manual test feature helps in debugging and checking the operational status of actuators. This feature is accessible only with the maintenance password in the main menu. To activate the test feature is required to disable the Unit from the Q0 switch and change the available mode to Test.	A/C
Energy Saving	No, Yes	Disable/Enable of the energy saving function	

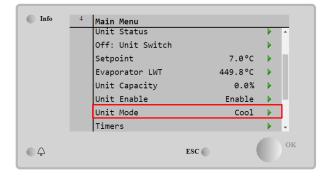
Like the On/Off and setpoint control, also the unit mode can be modified from network. Refer to Network control section 4.5 for more details.

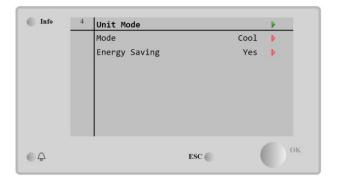
#### 4.3.1 Energy Saving mode

Some unit types provide the possibility to enable an energy saving function, that reduces the power consumption deactivating the compressors crankcase heater, when the chiller is Disabled.

This mode implies that the time needed to start the compressors, after an Off period, could be delayed until a maximum of 90 minutes.

For time critical application, the energy saving function can be disabled by the user to ensure the compressor start within 1 minute from unit On command.





# 4.4 Unit Status

Unit controller provides in the main page some information about chiller status. All chiller states are listed and explained below:

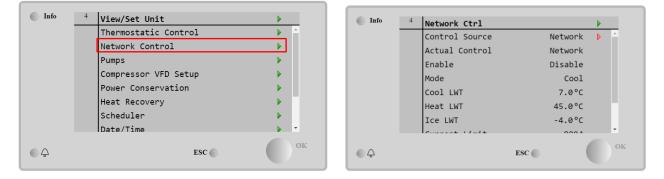
Parameter	Overall status	Specific status	Description
Unit Status	Auto:		Unit is in Auto control. The pump is running and at least one compressor is running.
		Wait For Load	Unit is in standby because the thermostatic control satisfies the active setpoint.
		Water Recirc	Water pump is running in order to equalize the water temperature in the evaporator.
		Wait For Flow	Unit pump is running but the flow signal still indicates a lack of flow through the evaporator.
		Max Pulldown	Unit thermostatic control is limiting the unit capacity as the water temperature is dropping too quickly.
		Capacity Limit	Demand limit has been hit. Unit capacity will not further increase.
		Current Limit	Maximum current has been hit. Unit capacity will not further increase.
		Silent Mode	Unit is running and Silent Mode is enabled
		Pumpdown	Unit is performing the pumpdown procedure and d it will stop within few minutes
	Off:	Master Disable	Unit is disabled by the Master Slave function
		Ice Mode Timer	This status can be shown only if the unit can work in Ice Mode. The unit is off because the Ice setpoint has been satisfied. Unit will remain off until the Ice Timer has expired.
		OAT Lockout	The unit cannot run because the Oustide Air Temperature is below the limit foreseen for the condenser temperature control system installed in this Unit. If the Unit has to run anyway, check with your local maintenance how to proceed.
		Circuits Disabled	No circuit is available to run. All circuits can be disabled by their individual enable switch or can be disabled by a component safety condition active or can be disabled by keypad or can be all in alarms. Check the individual circuit status for further details.
		Unit Alarm	A unit alarm is active. Check the alarm list to see what is the active alarm inhibiting the unit to start and check if the alarm can be cleared. Refer to section <b>5</b> . before proceeding.
		Keypad Disable	The Unit has been disabled by keypad. Check with your local maintenance if it can be enabled.
		Network Disabled	Unit is disabled by Network.
		Unit Switch	The Q0 selector is set to 0 or the or the Remote On/Off contact is opened.
		Test	Unit mode set to Test. This mode is activated to check operability of onboard actuators and sensors. Check with the local maintenance if the Mode can be reverted to the one compatible with unit application (View/Set Unit – Set-Up – Available Modes).
		Scheduler Disable	Unit is disabled by Scheduler programming

# 4.5 Network Control

When the unit controller is equipped with one or more communication modules the **Network Control** feature can be enabled, which gives the possibility to control the unit via serial protocol (Modbus, BACNet or LON). To allow unit's control from network, follow below instructions:

1. Close the physical contact "Local/Network Switch". Refer to unit electrical wiring diagram, Field Wiring Connection page, to find the references about this contact.

#### 2. Go to Main Page → View/Set Unit → Network Control Set Controls Source = Network



Network Control menu returns all main values received from serial protocol.

Parameter	Range	Description
Control Source	Local	Network control disabled
	Network	Network control enabled
Actual Control	Local, Network	Active control between Local/BMS.
Enable	-	On/Off command from network
Mode	-	Operating mode from network
Cool LWT	-	Cooling water temperature setpoint from network
Heat LWT	-	Heating water temperature setpoint from network
Ice LWT	-	Ice water temperature setpoint from network
Current Limit		Sepoint for current limitation from BMS
Capacity Limit	-	Capacity limitation from network
Remote Server		Remote server enable

Refer to communication protocol documentation for specific registers addresses and the related read/write access level.

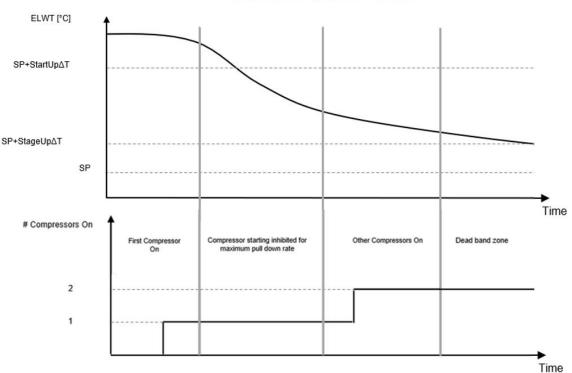
# 4.6 Thermostatic Control

Thermostatic control settings, allows to set up the response to temperature variations. Default settings are valid for most application, however plant specific conditions may require adjustments in order to have a smooth control or a quicker response of the unit.

The control will start the first compressor if the controlled temperature is higher (Cool Mode) or lower (Heat Mode) than the active setpoint of at least a Start Up DT value, whereas other compressors are started, step by step, if the controlled temperature is higher (Cool Mode) or lower (Heat Mode) than the active setpoint (AS) of at least a Stage Up DT (SU) value. Compressors stop if performed following same procedure looking to the parameters Stage Down DT and Shut Down DT.

	Cool Mode	Heat Mode
First compressor start	Controlled Temperature > Setpoint + Start Up DT	Controlled Temperature < Setpoint - Start Up DT
Other compressors start	Controlled Temperature > Setpoint + Stage Up DT	Controlled Temperature < Setpoint - Stage Up DT
Last compressor stop	Controlled Temperature < Setpoint - Shut Dn DT	Controlled Temperature > Setpoint - Shut Dn DT
Other compressors stop	Controlled Temperature < Setpoint - Stage Dn DT	Controlled Temperature > Setpoint - Stage Dn DT

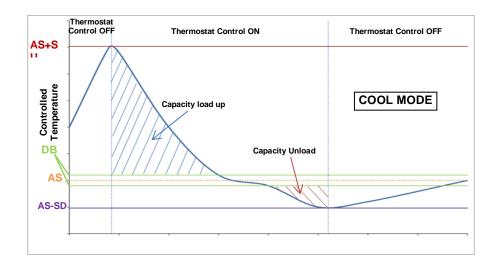
A qualitative example of compressors start-up sequence in cool mode operation is shown in the graph below.



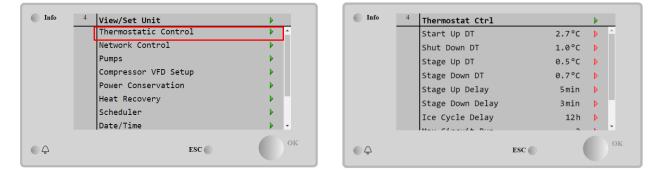
#### Compressors start-up sequence - Cool mode

When controlled temperature is within the deadband (DB) error from the active setpoint (AS), unit capacity will not be changed.

If the leaving water temperature decreases below (Cool Mode) or rises above (Heat Mode) the active setpoint (AS), unit capacity is adjusted to keep it stable. A further decreasing (Cool Mode) or increasing (Heat Mode) of the controlled temperature of the Shut Down DT offset (SD) can cause circuit shutdown.



# Thermostatic control settings are accessible from Main Page→Thermostatic Control



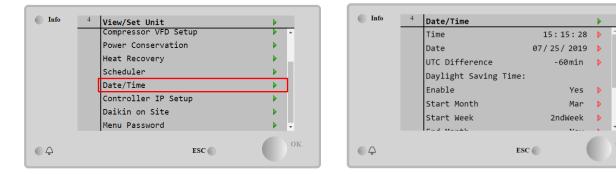
Parameter	Range	Description
Start Up DT		Delta temperature respect the active setpoint to start the unit (startup of first compressor)
Shut Down DT		Delta temperature respect the active setpoint to stop the unit (shutdown of latest compressor)
Stage Up DT		Delta temperature respect the active setpoint to start a compressor
Stage Down DT		Delta temperature respect the active setpoint to stop a compressor
Stage Up Delay		Minimum time between the compressors startup
Stage Down Delay		Minimum time between the compressors shutdown
Ice Cycle Delay		Unit standby period during Ice mode operation
Max Circuits Run		Limit to the number of circuit to be used
Next Circuit On		Shows next circuit to be started up
Next Circuit Off		Shows next circuit number to be stopped

# 4.7 Date/Time

The unit controller is able to take stored the actual date and time, that are used for:

- 1. Scheduler
- 2. Cycling of standby chiller with Master Slave configuration
- 3. Alarms Log

# Date and time can be modified going in View/Set Unit -> Date/Time



Parameter	Range	Description
Time		Actual date. Press to modify. Format is hh:mm:ss
Date		Actual time. Press to modify. Format is mm/dd/yy
Day		Returns the day of the week.
UTC Difference		Coordinated universal time.
Daylight Saving Time:		
Enable	No, Yes	It is used to enable/disable the automatic switch of the Daylight Saving Time
Start Month	NA, Jan…Dec	DayLight Saving time start month
Start Week	1 <sup>st</sup> 5 <sup>th</sup> week	DayLight Saving time start week
End Month	NA, Jan…Dec	DayLight Saving time end month
End Week	1 <sup>st</sup> 5 <sup>th</sup> week	DayLight Saving time end week



Remember to check periodically the controller battery in order to maintain updated date and time even when there is no electrical power. Refer to controller maintenance section.

# 4.8 Pumps

The UC can manage one or two water pumps for both evaporator. Number of pumps and their priority can be set from **Main Page**→**View/Set Unit**→**Pumps**.

Info	<sup>4</sup> View/Set Ur	nit	•	Info	4	Pumps	
	Thermostat	ic Control	• •			Evaporator:	
	Network Cor	ntrol				Pump Control	#1 Only
	Pumps					Recirculation Timer	30 s
	Compressor	VFD Setup	•			Pump 1 Hours	0
	Power Conse	ervation	•			Pump 2 Hours	0
	Heat Recove	ery	•				
	Scheduler		•				
	Date/Time		•				
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Parameter	Range	Description
Pump Control	#1 Only	Set to this in case of single pump or twin pump with only #1 operational (f.e. in case of maintenance on #2)
	#2 Only	Set to this in case of twin pump with only #2 operational (f.e. in case of maintenance on #1)
	Auto	Set for automatic pump start management. At each chiller start, the pump with the least number of hours will be
	#1 Primary	Set to this in case of twin pump with #1 running and #2 as a backup
	#2 Primary	Set to this in case of twin pump with #2 running and #1 as a backup
Recirculation		Minimum time required within flow switch has to in order to allow unit startup
Timer		
Pump 1 Hours		Pump 1 running hours
Pump 2 Hours		Pump 2 running hours

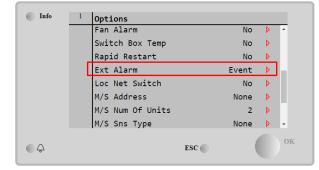
In order to activate Variable Flow Pump, consult the external manual "Pump Control".

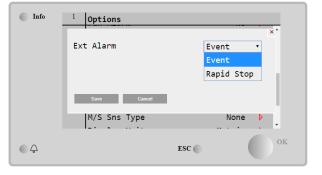
# 4.9 External Alarm

The External Alarm is a digital contact that can be used to communicate to the UC an abnormal condition, coming from an external device connected to the unit. This contact is located in the customer terminal box and depending on the configuration can causes a simple event in the alarm log or also the unit stop. The alarm logic associated to the contact is the following:

Contact state	Alarm State	Note
Opened	Alarm	The alarm is generated if the contact remains opened for at least 5 seconds
Closed	No Alarm	The alarm is reset just the contact is closed

#### The configuration is performed from the **Commissioning → Configuration → Options** menu





Parameter	Range	Description
Ext Alarm	Event	Event configuration generates an alarm in the controller but takes the unit running
	Rapid Stop	Rapid Stop configuration generates an alarm in the controller and performs a rapid stop of the unit

OK

# 4.10 Power Conservation

In this chapters will be explained the functions used to reduce the unit power consumption:

- 1. Demand Limit
- 2. Current Limit
- 3. Setpoint Reset
- 4. Softload

Info	4	Power Conservatio	on	
		Demand Limit		
		Current Limit		•
		Setpoint Reset		•
		Softload		•
				0
Ģ			ESC 🌑	( ) °
Ģ			ESC 🌑	

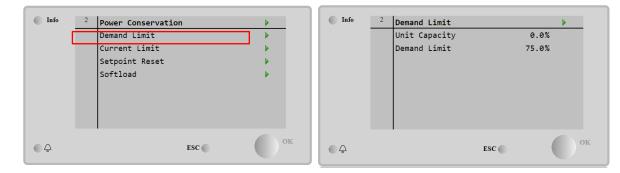
Main Menu→View / Set Unit→Power Conservation

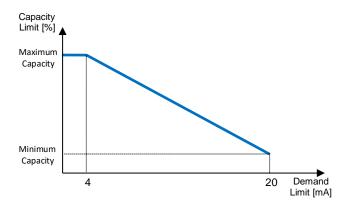
#### 4.10.1 Demand Limit

The "Demand limit" function allows the unit to be limited to a specified maximum load. Capacity limit level is regulated using an external 4-20 mA signal with a linear relationship shown in the picture below. A signal of 4 mA indicates the maximum capacity available whereas a signal of 20 mA indicates the minimum capacity available. With demand limit function is not possible shutdown the unit but only unload it until minimum admissible capacity. Demand limit related setpoints available through this menu are listed in the table below.

In order to enable this option, go to Main Menu  $\rightarrow$  Commission Unit  $\rightarrow$  Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Options and set the Demand Limit parameter to Enable.

All info about this function are reported in the Main Menu  $\rightarrow$  View/set Unit  $\rightarrow$  Power Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Demand Limit page.



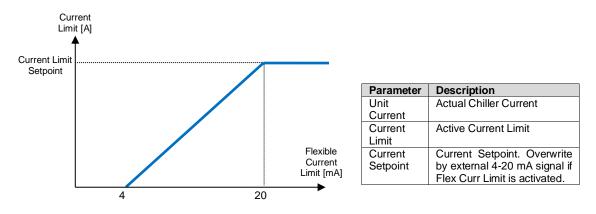


Parameter	Description
Unit Capacity	Displays current unit capacity
Demand Limit En	Enables demand limit
Demand Limit	Displays active demand limit

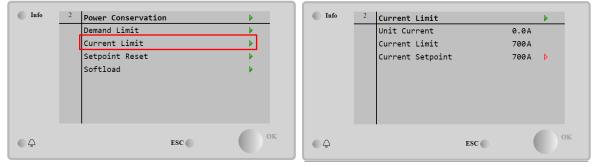
#### 4.10.2 Current Limit

Current limit function allows to control unit power consumption taking current drawn below a specific limit. If external digital signal is triggered, the function Current Limit is activated, and the user can set a Current Limit Setpoint defined through the HMI or BAS communication.

If Flexible Current Limit Option is activated, by **Commissioning**  $\rightarrow$  **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Options**  $\rightarrow$  **Flex Current Limit**, user can decrease the real limit using an external 4-20mA signal as indicate in the graph below. With 20 mA real current limit is set to Current Limit Setpoint, whereas with 4 mA signal the unit is unloaded until minimum capacity.



All info about this function are reported in the Main Menu  $\rightarrow$  View/set Unit  $\rightarrow$  Power Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Current Limit page.

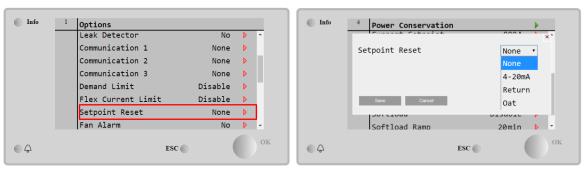


#### 4.10.3 Setpoint Reset

The setpoint reset function overrides the chilled water temperature selected through the interface, when certain circumstances occur. This feature helps in reducing energy consumption optimizing comfort as well. Three different control strategies can be selected:

- Setpoint Reset by Outside Air Temperature (OAT)
- Setpoint Reset by an external signal (4-20mA)
- Setpoint Reset by Evaporator ΔT (Return)

In order to set the desired setpoint-reset strategy, go to Main Menu  $\rightarrow$  Commission Unit  $\rightarrow$  Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Options and modify the Setpoint Reset parameter, according to the following table:



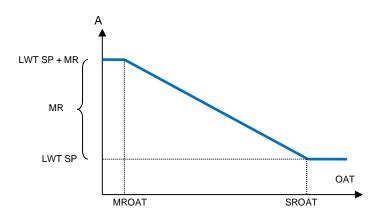
Parameter	Description
Max Reset	Max Setpoint Reset (valid for all active modes)
Start Reset DT	Used on Setpoint Reset by Evaporator DT
Max Reset OAT	See Setpoint Reset by OAT Reset
Strt Reset OAT	See Setpoint Reset by OAT Reset

Each strategy needs to be configured (although a default configuration is available) and its parameters can be set navigating to Main Menu → View/Set Unit → Power Conservation → Setpoint Reset.

Note that the parameters corresponding to a specific strategy will be available only once the Setpoint Reset has been set to a specific value and the UC has been restarted.

#### 4.10.3.1 Setpoint Reset by OAT

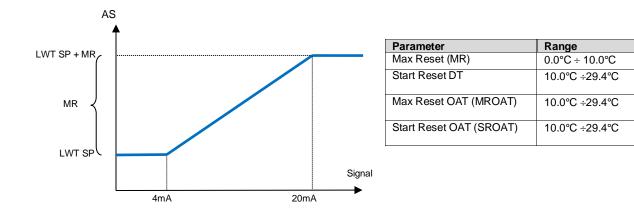
The active setpoint is calculated applying a correction which is a function of ambient temperature (OAT). As temperature drops below the Start Reset OAT (SROAT), LWT setpoint is gradually increased until OAT reaches the Max Reset OAT value (MROAT). Beyond this value, the LWT setpoint is increased by the Max Reset (MR) value.



Parameter	Range
Max Reset (MR)	0.0°C ÷ 10.0°C
Start Reset DT	10.0°C ÷29.4°C
Max Reset OAT (MROAT)	10.0°C ÷29.4°C
Start Reset OAT (SROAT)	10.0°C ÷29.4°C

#### 4.10.3.2 Setpoint Reset by External 4-20Ma signal

The active setpoint is calculated applying a correction based on an external 4-20mA signal. 4 mA corresponds to 0°C correction, while 20 mA corresponds to a correction of the active setpoint as set in Max Reset (MR).

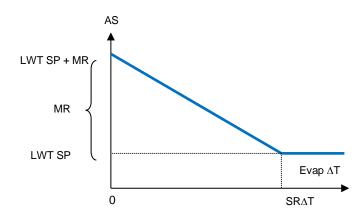


#### 4.10.3.3 Setpoint Reset by Return

The active setpoint is calculated applying a correction that depends on the evaporator entering (return) water temperature. As evaporator  $\Delta T$  becomes lower than the SR $\Delta T$  value, an offset to the LWT setpoint is increasingly applied, up to the MR value when the return temperature reaches the chilled water temperature.



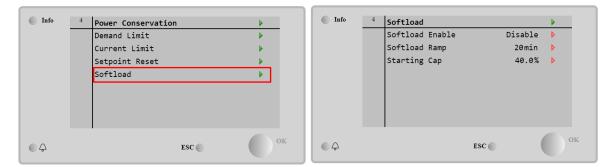
The Return Reset may affect negatively the chiller operation when operated with variable flow. Avoid to use this strategy in case of inverter water flow control.



Parameter	Range
Max Reset (MR)	0.0°C ÷ 10.0°C
Start Reset DT	10.0°C ÷29.4°C
Max Reset OAT (MROAT)	10.0°C ÷29.4°C
Start Reset OAT (SROAT)	10.0°C ÷29.4°C

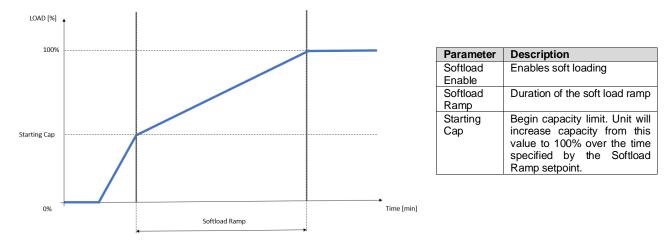
# 4.10.4 Softload

Soft Loading is a configurable function used to ramp up the unit capacity over a given time period, usually used to influence building electrical demand by gradually loading the unit. To enable Softload, go to the page:



Main Menu→View / Set Unit→Power Conservation→ Softload

Once the Softload Ramp and the Starting Cap have been set, if the Softload is enabled, the machine is forced to ramp up the capacity based on settings. It works when the machine is starting from 0%, reaching the maximum load with the speed settable by the customer.

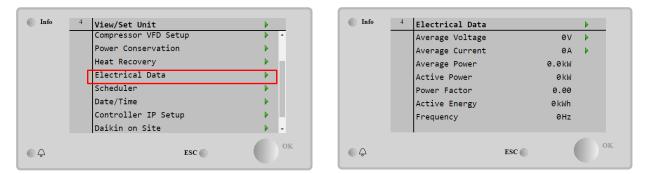


If the Softload is enabled when the machine is already running, if the Starting Cap>Actual Capacity, the Softload will ramp up the Capacity with the speed set by the customer.

# 4.11 Electrical Data

Unit controller returns main electrical values read by the energy meter Nemo D4-L or Nemo D4-Le. All data are collected in the menu **Electrical Data**.





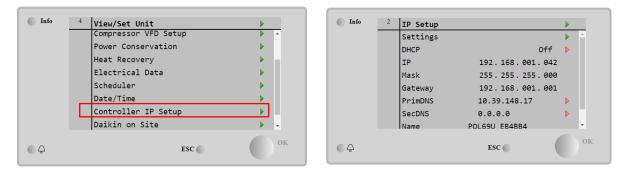
Parameter	Description
Average Voltage	Returns the average of the three chained voltages and links to the Voltage Data page
Average Current	Returns the current average and links to the Current Data page
Average Power	Returns the average power
Active Power	Returns the active power
Power Factor	Returns the power factor
Active Energy	Returns the active energy
Frequency	Returns the active frequency

Info	2	Voltage Data		Þ
		Average Voltage		0.0V
		V1		0.0V
		V2		0.0V
		V3		0.0V
<u>م</u>			ESC	ОК

Info	2	Current Data		•
		Average Current		0.0A
		I1		0.0A
		12		0.0A
		I3		0.0A
		1		
			ESC	OK
- <del>-</del>			ESC	

# 4.12 Controller IP Setup

The Controller IP Setup page is located at the path Main Menu → View/Set Unit → Controller IP Setup.



All of the information about current MTIII/MT4 IP Network settings is reported in this page, as shown in the following table:

Parameter	Range	Description
DHCP	On	The DHCP option is enabled.
	Off	The DHCP option is disabled.
IP	XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX	The current IP address
Mask	XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX	The current Subnet Mask address.
Gateway	XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX	The current Gateway address.
PrimDNS	XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX	The current Primary DNS address.
ScndDNS	XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX	The current Secondary DNS address.
Device	POLxxx_xxxxx	The Host Name of the MTIII controller.
MAC	xx-xx-xx-xx-xx-xx	The MAC address of the MTIII controller.

In order to modify the MTIII IP Network configuration, do the following operations:

- access the **Settings** menu
- set the DHCP option to Off
- modify the IP, Mask, Gateway, PrimDNS and ScndDNS addresses, if needed, taking care of the current network settings
- set Apply changes parameter to Yes to save the configuration and restart the MTIII controller.

Info	<sup>2</sup> Settings		Þ	Info	<sup>2</sup> Settings	•
	Apply Chang	es No	▶ ^			×
	DHCP	Off	Þ		Apply Changes	No 🔻
	IP	192.168.001.04	2 🕨			No
	Mask	255.255.255.00	0 🕨			Yes
	Gateway	192.168.001.00	1 🕨			
	PrimDNS	10.39.148.17	Þ		Save Cancel	
	SecDNS	0.0.0	Þ		0.0.0.0	· · · · · ·
	Name	POL69U EB4BB4	-		Name POL69U EB4	BB4
¢		ESC 🌑	ок	● ♀	ESC 🌑	ок

The default internet configuration is:

Parameter	Default Value
IP	192.168.1.42
Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.1.1
PrimDNS	0.0.0.0
ScndDNS	0.0.0.0

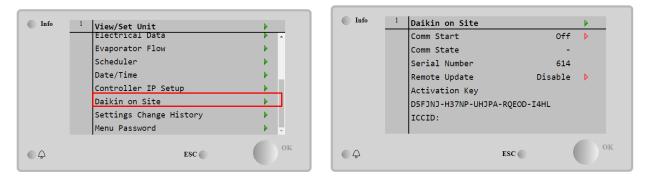
Note that if the DHCP is set to On and the MTIII/MT4 internet configurations shows the following parameter values

Parameter	Value
IP	169.254.252.246
Mask	255.255.0.0
Gateway	0.0.0.0
PrimDNS	0.0.0.0
ScndDNS	0.0.0.0

then an internet connection problem has occurred (probably due to a physical problem, like the Ethernet cable breaking).

# 4.13 Daikin On Site

The Daikin on Site (DoS) page can be accessed navigating through **Main Menu**  $\rightarrow$  **View/Set Unit**  $\rightarrow$  **Daikin On Site**.



In order to use the DoS utility, the customer has to communicate the **Serial Number** to Daikin company and subscribe to the DoS service. Then, from this page, it is possible to:

- Start/Stop the DoS connectivity
- Check the connection status to DoS service
- Enable/Disable the remote update option

according to the parameters shown into the table below.

Parameter	Range	Description	
Comm Start	Off	Stop the connection to DoS	
	Start	Start the connection to DoS	
Comm State	-	Connection to DoS is off	
	IPErr	Connection to DoS cannot be established	
	Connected	Connection to DoS is established and working	
Pomoto Lindoto	eta Undeta Enable Enable the Remote update option		
Remote Update	Disable	Disable the Remote update option	

Among all the services provided by DoS, the **Remote Update** option allows to remotely update the software currently running on the PLC controller, avoiding an in-situ intervention of maintenance personnel. To this purpose, just set the Remote Update parameter to **Enable**. Otherwise, keep the parameter set to **Disable**.

In the unlikely event of PLC replacement, the DoS connectivity can be switched from the old PLC to the new one just communicating the current **Activation Key** to Daikin company.

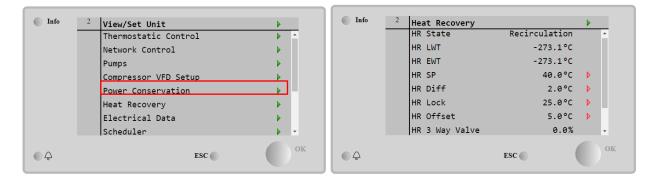
# 4.14 Heat Recovery

This chiller can handle a total heat recovery option. This feature will require an additional module and sensors to read the entering and leaving heat recovery water temperatures, command a heat recovery water pump.

The heat recovery is enabled through the Q8 switch installed on the unit and requires to adjust settings on the unit controller in order to make it work as needed. First of all the function needs to be enabled on the main controller in order to display all the settings related to this function, by going to Main Menu→Commission Unit→Configuration→Circuit1(Circuit2)

Parameter	Description
Apply Changes	No, Yes
Comp Freq	Compressor Frequency
Fans	Number of fans available.
Heat Recovery	Disable, Enable

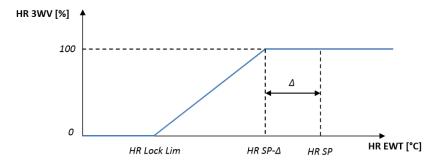
### Then, go to Main Menu→View/Set Unit→Heat Recovery



When this is done the controller will need to be reset by applying the changes. After the reboot all the heat recovery data and settings will be displayed on the HMI.

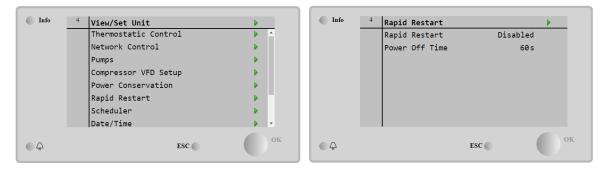
Additionally the Heat Recovery setpoint and differential will become visible and can be adjusted as needed:

Parameter	Range	Description
HR State	Off Heat recovery is disabled	
	Recirculation	Heat recovery pump is running, but chiller fan is not regulating the heat recovery water
		temperature
	Regulation	Heat recovery pump is running and chiller fans are regulating the heat recovery water
	-	temperature
HR LWT		Heat recovery leaving water temperature
HR EWT		Heat recovery entering water temperature
HR EWT Sp		Heat recovery entering water temperature setpoint value
HR EWT Dif		Heat recovery
HR Lock Limit		Heat Recovery Lock Limit
HR Delta Sp		Heat Recovery Delta Setpoint
HR 3-Way Valve		Heat recovery 3-way valve opening percentage
HR Pumps		Heat recovery pump state
HR Pump Hours		Heat recovery pump running hours



# 4.15 Rapid Restart

This chiller can activate a Rapid Restart (optional) sequence in reaction to a power failure. A digital contact is used to inform the controller that the feature is enabled. The feature is configured in the factory.



Rapid restart is activated under the following conditions:

- The power failure exists for up to 180 seconds
- The unit and circuit switches are ON
- No unit or circuit alarms exist
- The unit has been running in the normal Run state
- The BMS Circuit Mode setpoint is set to Auto when the control source is Network

If the power failure is more than 180 seconds, the unit will start based on the setting of the Stop-to-Start cycle timer (minimum setting of 3 minutes) and load per standard unit without Rapid Restart.

When Rapid Restart is active, the unit will restart within 30 seconds of power restoration. The time to restore full load is less than 3 minutes.

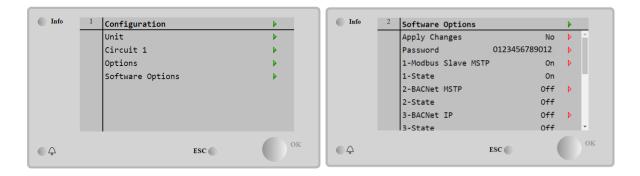
# 4.16 Software Options (Only for Microtech 4)

The possibility to employ a set of software options has been added to the functionality of the chiller, in according with the new Microtech 4 installed on the Unit. The Software Options do not require any additional hardware and regard communication channels and the new energy functionalities.

During the commissioning the machine is delivered with the Option Set chosen by the customer; the Password inserted is permanent and depends on the Serial Machine Number and the Option Set selected.

In order to check the current Option Set:

#### Main Menu→Commission Unit→Configuration→Software Options



Parameter	Description
Password	Writable by Interface/Web Interface
Option Name	Option Name
Option Status	Option is activated.
Option Status	Option is not activated

The Current Password inserted activates the selected options.

#### 4.16.1 Changing the Password for buying new Software Options

The Option Set and the Password are updated in the Factory. If the customer wants to change its Option Set, he needs to contact the Daikin Personnel and asks for a new password.

As soon as the new password is communicated, the follow steps allow the customer to change the Option Set by himself:

- 1. Wait for the circuits are both OFF, then, from the Main Page, Main Menu→Unit Enable→Unit→Disable
- 2. Go to Main Menu→Commission Unit→Configuration→Software Options
- Select the Options to Activate 3.
- 4. Insert the Password
- 5. Wait for the States of the selected options going to On
- 6. Apply Changes  $\rightarrow$  Yes (it will reboot the controller)



The Password is changeable only if the machine is working in safe conditions: both the circuits are in the State Off.

#### 4.16.2 Inserting the Password in a Spare Controller

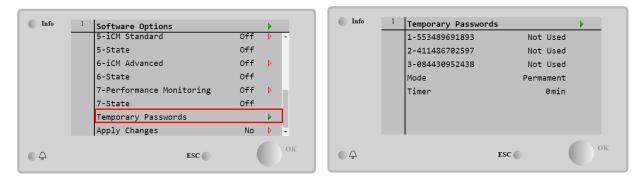
If the Controller is broken and/or it needs to be replaced for any reason, the customer needs to configure the Option Set with a new Password.

If this replacement is scheduled, the customer can ask to Daikin Personnel for a new Password and repeat the steps in chapter 4.15.1.

If there is no enough time to ask for a Password to Daikin Personnel (ex. an expected failure of the controller), a set of Free Limited Password is provided, in order not to interrupt the machine's working.

These Passwords are free and visualized in:

#### Main Menu→Commission Unit→Configuration→Software Options→Temporary Passwords



Their Use is limited up to three months:

- 553489691893 3 Months Duration
- 411486702597 1 Month Duration •
- . 084430952438 - 1 Month Duration

It gives the customer the time enough to contact Daikin Service and insert a new unlimited password.

Parameter	Specific Status	Description
553489691893		Activate the Option Set for 3 Months.
411486702597		Activate the Option Set for 1 Month.
084430952438		Activate the Option Set for 1 Month.
Mode	Permanent	A permanent Password is inserted. Option set can be used for unlimited time.
	Temporary	A temporary Password is inserted. Option set can be used depending on the password inserted.
Timer		Last duration of the Option Set activated. Enabled only if the mode is Temporary.



The Password is changeable only if the machine is working in safe conditions: both the circuits are in the State Off.

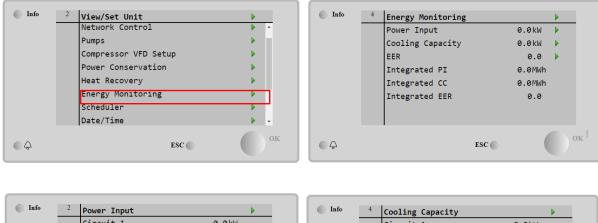
# 4.17 Energy Monitoring (Optional for Microtech 4)

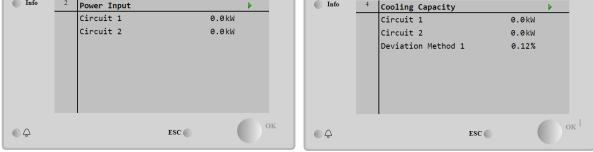
The Energy Monitoring is a software option not requiring any additional hardware. It can be activated in order to achieve an estimation (5% accuracy) of the instantaneous performances of the chiller in terms of:

- Cooling Capacity
- Power Input
- Efficiency-COP

An integrated estimation of these quantities is provided. Go to the page:

# Main Menu→View / Set Unit→Energy Monitoring





Info	4	EER		•
		Circuit 1		0.0
		Circuit 2		0.0
٥Ç			ESC 🌑	OK T

# 5 ALARMS AND TROUBLESHOOTING

The UC protects the unit and the components from operating in abnormal conditions. Protections can be divided in preventions and alarms. Alarms can then be divided in pump-down and rapid stop alarms. Pump-down alarms are activated when the system or sub-system can perform a normal shutdown in spite of the abnormal running conditions. Rapid stop alarms are activated when the abnormal running conditions require an immediate stop of the whole system or sub-system to prevent potential damages.

The UC displays the active alarms in a dedicated page and keep an history of the last 50 entries divided between alarms and acknowledges occurred. Time and date for each alarm event and of each alarm acknowledge are stored.

The UC also stores alarm snapshot of each alarm occurred. Each item contains a snapshot of the running conditions right before the alarm has occurred. Different sets of snapshots are programmed corresponding to unit alarms and circuit alarms holding different information to help the failure diagnosis.

In the following sections it will also be indicated how each alarm can be cleared between local HMI, Network (by any of the high level interfaces Modbus, Bacnet or Lon) or if the specific alarm will clear automatically. The following symbols are used:

$\checkmark$	Allowed
X	Not allowed
	Not foreseen

#### 5.1 Unit Alerts

#### 5.1.1 Bad Current Limit Input

This alarm is generated when the Flexible Current Limit option has been enabled and the input to the controller is out of the admitted range.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit status is Run.	Flexible current limit input out of	Check for values of input signal to the
Bell icon is moving on controller's	range.	unit controller. It has to be in the
display.	For this warning out of range is	allowed mA range.
Flexible Current Limit function cannot	considered to be a signal less than	Chaok for electrical chielding of
be used.	3mA or more than 21mA.	Check for electrical shielding of
String in the alarm list:		wirings.
BadCurrentLimitInput		Check for right value of the unit's
String in the alarm log:		controller output in case input signal is
± BadCurrentLimitInput		into allowed range.
String in the alarm snapshot		-
BadCurrentLimitInput		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		Automatically clears when the signal
Network		returns in the allowed range.
Auto		

#### 5.1.2 Bad Demand Limit Input EcoExvDrvError

This alarm is generated when the Demand Limit option has been enabled and the input to the controller is out of the admitted range.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit status is Run.	Demand limit input out of range.	Check for values of input signal to the
Bell icon is moving on controller's	For this warning out of range is	unit controller. It has to be in the
display.	considered to be a signal less than	allowed mA range.
Demand Limit function cannot be	3mA or more than 21mA.	
used.		Check for electrical shielding of
String in the alarm list:		wirings.
BadDemandLimitInput		Check for right value of the unit's
String in the alarm log:		controller output in case input signal
±BadDemandLimitInput		is into allowed range.
String in the alarm snapshot		
BadDemandLimitInput		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		Automatically clears when the signal
Network		returns in the allowed range.
Auto		

## 5.1.3 Bad Leaving Water Temperature Reset Input

This alarm is generated when the Setpoint Reset option has been enabled and the input to the controller is out of the admitted range.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit status is Run.	LWT reset input signal is out of range.	Check for values of input signal to
Bell icon is moving on controller's	For this warning out of range is	the unit controller. It has to be in the
display.	considered to be a signal less than	allowed mA range.
LWT Reset function cannot be used.	3mA or more than 21mA.	
String in the alarm list:		Check for electrical shielding of
BadSetPtOverrideInput		wirings.
String in the alarm log:		Check for right value of the unit's
± BadSetPtOverrideInput		controller output in case input signal
String in the alarm snapshot		is into allowed range.
BadSetPtOverrideInput		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		Automatically clears when the
Network		signal returns in the allowed range.
Auto		

## 5.1.4 Energy Meter Communication Fail

This alarm is generated in case of communication problems with the energy meter.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list:	Module has no power supply	Refer to the datasheet of the specific component to see if it is correctly powered
EnrgMtrCommFail String in the alarm log:	Wrong cabling with the Unit Controller	Check if the polarity of the connections is respected.
± EnrgMtrCommFail String in the alarm snapshot EnrgMtrCommFail	Modbus parameters not properly set	Referring to the datasheet of the specific component to see if the modbus parameters are set correctly: Address = 20 Baud Rate =19200 kBs Parity = None Stop bits =1
	Module is broken	Check if the display shows something and the power supply is present.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI Network Auto		Automatically clears when the communication is re-established.

#### 5.1.5 Evaporator Pump #1 Failure

This alarm is generated if the pump is started but the flow switch is not able to close within the recirculate time. This can be a temporary condition or may be due to a broken flowswitch, the activation of circuit breakers, fuses or to a pump breakdown.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit could be ON.	Pump #1 may not be operating.	Check for problem in electrical wiring
Bell icon is moving on controller's		of the pump #1.
display.		Check that electrical breaker of pump
Backup pump is used or stop of all		#1 is tripped.
circuits in case of pump #2 failure.		If fuses are used to protect the pump,
String in the alarm list:		check the integrity of fuses.
EvapPump1Fault		Check for problem in wiring
String in the alarm log:		connection between pump starter
± EvapPump1Fault		and unit controller.
String in the alarm snapshot		Check the water pump filter and the
EvapPump1Fault		water circuit for obstructions.
	Flow Switch doesn't operate properly	Check flow switch connection and
		calibration.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI	$\overline{\checkmark}$	
Network		
Auto		

# 5.1.6 Evaporator Pump #2 Failure

This alarm is generated if the pump is started but the flow switch is not able to close within the recirculate time. This can be a temporary condition or may be due to a broken flowswitch, the activation of circuit breakers, fuses or to a pump breakdown.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit could be ON.	Pump #2 may not be operating.	Check for problem in electrical
Bell icon is moving on controller's		wiring of the pump #2.
display.		
Backup pump is used or stop of all		Check that electrical breaker of
circuits in case of pump #1 failure.		pump #2 is tripped.
String in the alarm list:		If fuses are used to protect the
EvapPump2Fault		pump, check the integrity of fuses.
String in the alarm log:		Check for problem in wiring
± EvapPump2Fault		connection between pump starter
String in the alarm snapshot		and unit controller.
EvapPump2Fault		Check the water pump filter and the
		water circuit for obstructions.
	Flow Switch doesn't operate properly	Check flow switch connection and
		calibration.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

#### 5.1.7 External Event

This alarm indicates that a device, whose operation is linked with this machine, is reporting a problem on the dedicated input.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit status is Run. Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list: UnitExternalEvent String in the alarm log: ±UnitExternalEvent String in the alarm snapshot UnitExternalEvent	There is an external event that has caused the opening, for at least 5 seconds, of the digital input on the controller board.	Check for reasons of external event and if it can be a potential problem for a correct chiller operation.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI Network Auto		The alarm is automatically cleared when the problem is solved.
NOTE: What above applies in case of configuration of the external fault digital input as Event		

#### 5.1.8 Password Over Time

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Pass1TimeOver 1dayleft	Temporary Password Inserted is	Spiega Flusso
Pass2TimeOver 1dayleft	going to expire. One day is left before	
Pass3TimeOver 1dayleft	Option set is unactived.	
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

## 5.1.9 Fan Alarm Module Communication Fail

This alarm is generated in case of communication problems with the FAC module.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Bell icon is moving on controller's	Module has no power supply	Check the power supply from the
display.		connector on the side of the module.
String in the alarm list:		Check if LEDs are both green.
FanMdlCommFail		Check if the connector on the side is
String in the alarm log:		tightly inserted in the module
± FanMdlCommFail	Module address is not properly set	Check if module's address is correct
String in the alarm snapshot		referring to the wiring diagram.
FanMdlCommFail	Module is broken	Check if LED are on and both green.
		If BSP LED is solid red replace the
		module
		Check if power supply is ok but LEDs
		are both off. In this case replace the
		module
Reset		Notes
Local HMI	$\checkmark$	
Network		
Auto		

# 5.1.10 Heat Recovery Entering Water Temperature sensor fault

This alarm is generated any time that the input resistance is out of an acceptable range.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit status is Off.	Sensor is broken.	Check for sensor integrity according
All circuits are stopped with a normal		table and allowed kOhm (k $\Omega$ ) range.
shutdown procedure.		Check correct sensors operation
Bell icon is moving on controller's display.	Sensor is shorted.	Check if sensor is shorted with a resistance measurement.
String in the alarm list: UnitAIHREwtSen	Sensor is not properly connected (open).	Check for absence of water or humidity on electrical contacts.
String in the alarm log: ± UnitAlHREwtSen		Check for correct plug-in of the electrical connectors.
String in the alarm snapshot UnitAlHREwtSen		Check for correct sensors wiring also according electrical scheme.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

## 5.1.11 Heat Recovery Leaving Water Temperature sensor fault

This alarm is generated any time that the input resistance is out of an acceptable range.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Heat Recovery is Off	Sensor is broken.	Check for sensor integrity according
Bell icon is moving on controller's		table and allowed kOhm (k $\Omega$ ) range.
display. String in the alarm list: UnitAIHRLwtSen String in the alarm log: ± UnitAIHRLwtSen String in the alarm snapshot UnitAIHRLwtSen		Check correct sensors operation
	Sensor is shorted.	Check if sensor is shorted with a resistance measurement.
	Sensor is not properly connected (open).	Check for absence of water or humidity on electrical contacts.
		Check for correct plug-in of the electrical connectors.
		Check for correct sensors wiring also according electrical scheme.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

# 5.1.12 Heat Recovery Water Temperatures inverted

This alarm is generated any time that the heat recovery entering water temperature is lower than the leaving by 1°C and at least one compressor is running.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Bell icon is moving on controller's	Entering and leaving water	Check cabling of the sensors on the
display.	temperature sensors are inverted.	unit controller.
Bell icon is moving on controller's		Check offset of the two sensors with
display.		the water pump running
String in the alarm list:	Entering and leaving water pipes are	Check if the water flows in counter
Unit HRInvAl	reversed	flow respect to refrigerant.
String in the alarm log:		
± Unit HRInvAl	Water pump operate reverse.	Check if the water flows in counter
String in the alarm snapshot		flow respect to refrigerant.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network	$\checkmark$	
Auto		

# 5.1.13 Rapid Recovery Module Communication Fail

This alarm is generated in case of communication problems with the RRC module.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Bell icon is moving on controller's	Module has no power supply	Check the power supply from the
display.		connector on the side of the module.
String in the alarm list:		Check if LEDs are both green.
RapidRcvryCommFail		
String in the alarm log:		Check if the connector on the side is
± RapidiRcvryCommFail		tightly inserted in the module
String in the alarm snapshot	Module address is not properly set	Check if module's address is correct
RapidRcvryCommFail		referring to the wiring diagram.
	Module is broken	Check if LED are on and both green.
		If BSP LED is solid red replace the
		module
		Check if power supply is ok but LEDs
		are both off. In this case replace the
		module
Reset		Notes
Local HMI	$\checkmark$	
Network		
Auto		

# 5.1.14 Evaporator differential pressure tranducer sensor fault

This alarm is generated any time the differential pressure transducer on the evaporator is broken.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit status is On Bell icon is moving on controller's display.	Sensor is broken.	Check for sensor integrity according table and allowed Volts or Amps range.
String in the alarm list:		Check correct sensors operation
EvapPDSen String in the alarm log: ± EvapPDSen	Sensor is shorted.	Check if sensor is shorted with a resistance measurement.
String in the alarm snapshot	Sensor is not properly connected (open).	Check for absence of water or humidity on electrical contacts.
Lvapr Doen		Check for correct plug-in of the electrical connectors.
		Check for correct sensors wiring also according electrical scheme.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

## 5.1.15 System load differential pressure tranducer sensor fault

This alarm is generated any time the differential pressure transducer on the evaporator is broken.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit status is On	Sensor is broken.	Check for sensor integrity according
Bell icon is moving on controller's		table and allowed Volts or Amps
display.		range.
String in the alarm list:		Check correct sensors operation
	Sensor is shorted.	Check if sensor is shorted with a
String in the alarm log: + LoadPDSen		resistance measurement.
$\pm$ LoadPDSen String in the alarm snapshot	Sensor is not properly connected	Check for absence of water or
LoadPDSen	(open).	humidity on electrical contacts.
		Check for correct plug-in of the
		electrical connectors.
		Check for correct sensors wiring also
		according electrical scheme.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

# 5.1.16 Switch Box Temperature High

This alarm is generated any time the switch box internal temperature exceeds a predetermined limit.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit status is On	Insufficient switchbox cooling	Check if the cooling fan is working
Bell icon is moving on controller's		properly
display.		Check if the air filters are clean and
String in the alarm list:		there is no obstacle to a proper air
SwitchBoxTAIm		flow.
String in the alarm log:	Outside air temperature above the	Please refer to the operating envelope
± SwitchBoxTAIm	operating envelope of the unit.	of the unit to avoid possible faults or
String in the alarm snapshot		damages to the unit.
SwitchBoxTAIm		_
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

#### 5.1.17 Switch Box Temperature sensor fault

This alarm is generated any time that the input resistance is out of an acceptable range.

Symptom	Cause	Solution		
Unit status is On Boll icon is moving on controllor's	Sensor is broken.	Check for sensor integrity according		
Bell icon is moving on controller's display.		table and allowed kOhm $(k\Omega)$ range. Check correct sensors operation		
Bell icon is moving on controller's display.	Sensor is shorted.	Check if sensor is shorted with a resistance measurement.		
String in the alarm list: SwitchBoxTSen String in the alarm log:	Sensor is not properly connected (open).	Check for absence of water or humidity on electrical contacts.		
± SwitchBoxTSen String in the alarm snapshot				
SwitchBoxTSen		Check for correct sensors wiring also according electrical scheme.		
Reset		Notes		
Local HMI				
Network				
Auto				

# 5.2 Unit Pumpdown Stop Alarms

# 5.2.1 Evaporator Entering Water Temperature (EWT) sensor fault

This alarm is generated any time the input resistance is out of an acceptable range.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit status is Off.	Sensor is broken.	Check for sensor integrity according
All circuits are stopped with a normal shutdown procedure.		table and allowed kOhm ( $k\Omega$ ) range. Check correct sensors operation
Bell icon is moving on controller's display.	Sensor is shorted.	Check if sensor is shorted with a resistance measurement.
String in the alarm list: UnitOffEvpEntWTempSen String in the alarm log:	Sensor is not properly connected (open).	Check for absence of water or humidity on electrical contacts.
± UnitOffEvpEntWTempSen String in the alarm snapshot		Check for correct plug-in of the electrical connectors.
UnitOffEvpEntWTempSen		Check for correct sensors wiring also according electrical scheme.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI Network		

## 5.2.2 Evaporator Water Temperatures inverted

This alarm is generated any time the entering water temperature is lower than the leaving by 1°C and at least one compressor is running since 90 seconds.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit status is Off.	Entering and leaving water	Check cabling of the sensors on the
All circuits are stopped with a normal	temperature sensors are inverted.	unit controller.
shutdown precedure.		Check offset of the two sensors with
Bell icon is moving on controller's		the water pump running
display.	Entering and leaving water pipes are	Check if the water flows in counter
String in the alarm list:	reversed	flow respect to refrigerant.
UnitOffEvpWTempInvrtd		Observed an flower in second an
String in the alarm log:	Water pump operate reverse.	Check if the water flows in counter
± UnitOffEvpWTempInvrtd		flow respect to refrigerant.
String in the alarm snapshot		
UnitOffEvpWTempInvrtd		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

#### 5.2.3 Outside Air Temperature (OAT) Lockout

This alarm prevents the unit to start if the outside air temperature is too low. Purpose is to prevent low pressure trips at startup. The limit depends on the fan regulation that is installed on the unit. By default this value is set to 10°C.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit Status is OAT Lockout. All circuits are stopped with a normal shutdown procedure.	Outside ambient temperature is lower than value set into unit's controller.	Check the minimum outside ambient temperature value set into the unit's controller.
Bell icon is moving on controller's display.		Check if this value is in accordance with chiller application, therefore check about the proper application
String in the alarm list:		and utilization of the chiller.
StartInhbtAmbTempLo String in the alarm log: ± StartInhbtAmbTempLo String in the alarm snapshot StartInhbtAmbTempLo	Improper operation of Outside Ambient Temperature sensor.	Check for proper operation of OAT sensor according information about kOhm (k $\Omega$ ) range related to temperature values.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI Network Auto		It clears automatically with a 2.5°C of hysteresis.

#### 5.2.4 Outside Air Temperature sensor fault alarm

This alarm is generated any time the input resistance is out of an acceptable range.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit status is Off.	Sensor is broken.	Check for sensor integrity.
All circuits are stopped with a normal shutdown precedure. Bell icon is moving on controller's display.	Sensor is shorted.	Check correct sensors operation according table and allowed kOhm $(k\Omega)$ range. Check if sensor is shorted with a
String in the alarm list: UnitOffAmbTempSen	Sensor is not properly connected	resistance measurement. Check for absence of water or
String in the alarm log: ± UnitOffAmbTempSen	(open).	humidity on electrical contacts.
String in the alarm snapshot UnitOffAmbTempSen		Check for correct plug-in of the electrical connectors.
		Check for correct sensors wiring also
		according electrical scheme.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

# 5.3 Unit Rapid Stop Alarms

1

## 5.3.1 Emergency Stop

This alarm is generated any time the Emergency Stop button is activated.

Before resetting the Emergency Stop button please verify that the harmful condition has been removed.

Symptom	Cause					Solution
Unit status is Off. All circuits are stopped immediately. Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list: UnitOffEmergencyStop String in the alarm log: ± UnitOffEmergencyStop String in the alarm snapshot UnitOffEmergencyStop	Emergency pushed.	stop	button	has	been	Turning counterclockwise the emergency stop button, the alarm should be cleared.
Reset						Notes
Local HMI Network Auto	X L					Please see note on the top.

# 5.3.2 Evaporator Flow Loss alarm

This alarm is generated in case of flow loss to the chiller to protect the machine against freezing.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit status is Off. All circuits are stopped immediately.	No water flow sensed for 3 minutes continuously or water flow too low.	Check the water pump filler and the water circuit for obstructions.
Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list:		Check the flow switch calibration and adapt to minimum water flow.
UnitOffEvapWaterFlow String in the alarm log:		Check if pump impeller can rotate freely and has no damages.
± UnitOffEvapWaterFlow String in the alarm snapshot UnitOffEvapWaterFlow		Check pumps protection devices (circuit breakers, fuses, inverters, etc.)
Ontonevapwaten iow		Check if water filter is clogged.
		Check flow switch connections.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

#### 5.3.3 Evaporator Leaving Water Temperature (LWT) sensor fault

This alarm is generated any time that the input resistance is out of an acceptable range.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit status is Off. All circuits are stopped with a normal shutdown procedure.	Sensor is broken.	Check for sensor integrity according table and allowed kOhm ( $k\Omega$ ) range. Check correct sensors operation
Bell icon is moving on controller's display.	Sensor is shorted.	Check if sensor is shorted with a resistance measurement.
String in the alarm list: UnitOffLvgEntWTempSen String in the alarm log: ± UnitOffLvgEntWTempSen String in the alarm snapshot UnitOffEvpLvgWTempSen	Sensor is not properly connected (open).	Check for absence of water or humidity on electrical contacts. Check for correct plug-in of the electrical connectors. Check for correct sensors wiring also according electrical scheme.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI Network Auto		

# 5.3.4 Evaporator Water Freeze alarm

This alarm is generated to indicate that the water temperature (entering or leaving) has dropped below a safety limit. Control tries to protect the heat exchanger starting the pump and letting the water circulate.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit status is Off.	Water flow too low.	Increase the water flow.
All circuits are stopped immediately.		
Bell icon is moving on controller's display.	Inlet temperature to the evaporator is too low.	Increase the inlet water temperature.
String in the alarm list: UnitOffEvapWaterTmpLo	Flow switch is not working or no water flow.	Check the flow switch and the water
String in the alarm log:	now.	pump.
± UnitOffEvapWaterTmpLo	Sensors readings (entering or leaving)	Check the water temperatures with a
String in the alarm snapshot UnitOffEvapWaterTmpLo	are not properly calibrated.	proper instrument and adjust the offsets
	Wrong freeze limit setpoint.	The freeze limit has not been
		changed as a function of glycol percentage.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		It's required to check if the evaporator
Network		has any damage due to this alarm.
Auto		

# 5.3.5 External alarm

This alarm is generated to indicate that an external device whose operation is linked with this unit operation. This external device could be a pump or an inverter.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit status is Off.	There is an external event that has	Check causes of the external event or
All circuits are switched off with the	caused the opening, for at least 5	alarm.
normal shutdown procedure.	seconds, of the port on the controller	
Bell icon is moving on controller's	board.	Check electrical wiring from unit
display.		controller to the external equipment in
String in the alarm list:		case of any external events or alarms
UnitOffExternalAlarm		have been occurred.
String in the alarm log:		have been been been ed.
± UnitOffExternalAlarm		
String in the alarm snapshot UnitOffExternalAlarm		
Reset		Notes
		NOLES
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		
NOTE: What above applies in case of configuration of the external fault digital input as Alarm.		

# 5.3.6 Heat Recovery Water Freeze Protect alarm

This alarm is generated to indicate that the heat recovery water temperature (entering or leaving) has dropped below a safety limit. Control tries to protect the heat exchanger starting the pump and letting the water circulate.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit status is Off.	Water flow too low.	Increase the water flow.
All circuits are stopped immediately.		
Bell icon is moving on controller's	Inlet temperature to the heat recovery	Increase the inlet water temperature.
display.	is too low.	
String in the alarm list:	Sensors readings (entering or	Check the water temperatures with a
UnitOff HRFreeze	leaving) are not properly calibrated	proper instrument and adjust the
String in the alarm log:		offsets
± UnitOff HRFreeze		
String in the alarm snapshot		
UnitOff HRFreeze		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network	$\checkmark$	
Auto		

# 5.3.7 OptionCtrIrCommFail

This alarm is generated in case of communication problems with the AC module.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit status is Off.	Module has no power supply	Check the power supply from the
All circuits are stopped immediately.		connector on the side of the module.
Bell icon is moving on controller's		Check if LEDs are both green.
display.		Check if the connector on the side is
String in the alarm list:		tightly inserted in the module
OptionCtrlrCommFail	Module address is not properly set	Check if module's address is correct
String in the alarm log:		referring to the wiring diagram.
	Module is broken	Check if LED are on and both green.
String in the alarm snapshot		If BSP LED is solid red replace the
OptionCtrlrCommFail		module
		Check if power supply is ok but LEDs
		are both off. In this case replace the
		module
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

# 5.3.8 Power Fault (only units with the UPS option)

This alarm is generated when the main power is Off and the unit controller is powered by the UPS.



Resolution of this fault requires a direct intervention on the power supply of this unit. Direct intervention on the power supply can cause electrocution, burns or even death. This action must be performed only by trained persons. In case of doubts contact your maintenance company.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Unit status is Off. All circuits are stopped immediately.	Loss of one phase.	Check voltage level on each of the phases.
Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list:	Not correct sequence connection of L1,L2,L3.	Check sequence of L1, L2, L3 connections according indication on chiller's electrical scheme.
Power Fault String in the alarm log: ± Power Fault String in the alarm snapshot Power Fault	Voltage level on the unit's panel is not in the allowed range (±10%).	Check that voltage level on each phases is into the allowed range that is indicated on the chiller label. Is important to check the voltage level on each phases not only with chiller not running, but mainly with chiller running from minimum capacity up to full load capacity. That's because voltage drop can occur from a certain unit cooling capacity level, or because of certain working condition (i.e. high values of OAT). In these cases the issue can be related with the sizing of power cables.
	There is a short-circuit on the unit.	Check for correct electrical isolation condition of each unit's circuit with a Megger tester.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI Network Auto		

#### 5.3.9 PVM alarm

This alarm is generated in case of problems with the power supply to the chiller.



Resolution of this fault requires a direct intervention on the power supply of this unit. Direct intervention on the power supply can cause electrocution, burns or even death. This action must be performed only by trained persons. In case of doubts contact your maintenance company.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Symptom Unit status is Off.		
	Loss of one phase.	Check voltage level on each of the
All circuits are stopped immediately.		phases.
Bell icon is moving on controller's	Not correct sequence connection of	Check sequence of L1, L2, L3
display.	L1,L2,L3.	connections according indication on
String in the alarm list:		chiller's electrical scheme.
UnitOffPhaveVoltage	Voltage level on the unit's panel is not	Check that voltage level on each
String in the alarm log:	in the allowed range (±10%).	phases is into the allowed range that
± UnitOffPhaveVoltage		is indicated on the chiller label.
String in the alarm snapshot		Is important to check the voltage level
UnitOffPhaveVoltage		on each phases not only with chiller
		not running, but mainly with chiller
		running from minimum capacity up to
		full load capacity. That's because
		voltage drop can occur from a certain
		unit cooling capacity level, or because
		of certain working condition (i.e. high
		values of OAT).
		In these cases the issue can be
		related with the sizing of power
		cables.
	There is a short-circuit on the unit.	Check for correct electrical isolation
		condition of each unit's circuit with a
		Megger tester.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto	$\square$	
/////		

# 5.4 Circuit Alerts

# 5.4.1 Economizer Pressure Sensor fault

This alarm is generated to indicate that the sensor is not reading properly.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is On. Economizer is Off. Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list: Cx EcoPressSen String in the alarm log: ± Cx EcoPressSen String in the alarm snapshot Cx EcoPressSen	Sensor is broken. Sensor is shorted. Sensor is not properly connected (open).	Check for sensor integrity. Check correct sensors operation according information about mVolt (mV) range related to pressure values in kPa. Check if sensor is shorted with a resistance measurement. Check for correct installation of the sensor on refrigerant circuit pipe. The transducer must be able to sense the pressure through the valve's needle. Check for absence of water or humidity on sensor electrical contacts. Check for correct plug-in of the electrical connectors. Check for correct sensors wiring also
Reset		according electrical scheme.
Local HMI Network Auto		

### 5.4.2 Economizer Temperature Sensor fault

This alarm is generated to indicate that the sensor is not reading properly.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is On. Economizer is Off.	Sensor is shorted.	Check for sensor integrity.
Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list: Cx EcoTempSen		Check correct sensors operation according information about kOhm $(k\Omega)$ range related to temperature values.
String in the alarm log: ± Cx EcoTempSen	Sensor is broken.	Check if sensor is shorted with a resistance measurement.
String in the alarm snapshot Cx EcoTempSen	Sensor is not good connected (open).	Check for correct installation of the sensor on refrigerant circuit pipe. Check for absence of water or humidity on sensor electrical contacts. Check for correct plug-in of the electrical connectors. Check for correct sensors wiring also according with electrical scheme.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI Network Auto		

#### 5.4.3 Failed Pumpdown

This alarm is generated to indicate that the circuit hadn't been able to remove all the refrigerant from the evaporator. It automatically clear as soon as the compressor stops just to be logged in the alarm history. It may not be recognized from BMS because the communication latency can give enough time for the reset. It may not even be seen on the local HMI.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	EEXV is not closing completely,	Check for proper operation and full
No indications on the screen	therefore there's "short-circuit"	closing position of EEXV. Sight glass
String in the alarm list:	between high pressure side with low	should not show refrigerant flow after
	pressure side of the circuit.	the valve is closed.
String in the alarm log:		Check LED on the top of the valve, C
± Cx Failed Pumpdown		LED should be solid green. If both
String in the alarm snapshot		LED are blinking alternately the valve
Cx Failed Pumpdown		motor is not properly connected.
	Evaporating pressure sensor is not	Check for proper operation of
	working properly.	evaporating pressure sensor.
	Compressor on circuit is internally	Check compressors on circuits.
	damaged with a mechanical problems	
	for example on internal check-valve,	
	or on internal spirals or vanes.	
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

#### 5.4.4 Fan Fault

This alarm indicates that at least one of the fans could has some problems

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is On.	At least one of the fan has some	In case of on/off fan check the
The compressor keep operating as	problems	thermal magnetic circuit breaker of
normal.		each fan. The fan could absorbs too
Bell icon is moving on controller's		much current
display.		In case of fan with VFD check the
String in the alarm list:		alarm output of the and message error
Cx FanAlm		provided by each fan VFD
String in the alarm log:		
± Cx FanAlm		
String in the alarm snapshot		
Cx FanAlm		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

# 5.4.5 Gas Leakage Sensor fault

This alarm is generated to indicate that the sensor is not reading properly.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is On.	Sensor is broken.	Check for sensor integrity.
Bell icon is moving on controller's display.		Check correct sensors operation according information about mVolt
String in the alarm list:		(mV) range related to ppm values.
Cx GasLeakSen String in the alarm log:	Sensor is shorted.	Check if sensor is shorted with a resistance measurement.
$\pm$ Cx GasLeakSen String in the alarm snapshot	Sensor is not properly connected (open).	Check for correct installation of the sensor.
Cx GasLeakSen		Check for absence of water or humidity on sensor electrical contacts.
		Check for correct plug-in of the electrical connectors.
		Check for correct sensors wiring also according electrical scheme.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

# 5.4.6 CxCmp1 MaintCode01

This alarm indicates that a component in the inverter may require verification or even a replacement.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is On.	The inverter cooling valve in the	Contact your service organization to
The compressor keep operating as normal. Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list: CxCmp1 MaintCode01	inverter, may require a verification or a replacement.	get the problem solved.
String in the alarm log:		
± CxCmp1 MaintCode01 String in the alarm snapshot		
CxCmp1 MaintCode01		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

# 5.4.7 CxCmp1 MaintCode02

This alarm indicates that a component in the inverter may require verification or even a replacement.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is On.	The capacitors in the inverter, may	Contact your service organization to
The compressor keep operating as	require a verification or a	get the problem solved.
normal.	replacement.	
Bell icon is moving on controller's		
display.		
String in the alarm list:		
CxCmp1 MaintCode02		
String in the alarm log:		
± CxCmp1 MaintCode02		
String in the alarm snapshot		
CxCmp1 MaintCode02		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

#### 5.4.8 Power Loss

This alarm indicates that a short under voltage on main power supply, that does not turn off the unit, has occurred.



Resolution of this fault requires a direct intervention on the power supply of this unit. Direct intervention on the power supply can cause electrocution, burns or even death. This action must be performed only by trained persons. In case of doubts contact your maintenance company.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is On.	Chiller main power supply had a down	Check if main power supply is within
The controller brings the compressor	peak which caused the trip.	the acceptable tolerance for this
to the minimum speed and then		chiller
normal operation is recovered (default		
1200rmp)		
Bell icon is moving on controller's		
display.		
String in the alarm list:		
Cx PwrLossRun		
String in the alarm log:		
± Cx PwrLossRun		
String in the alarm snapshot		
Cx PwrLossRun		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

# 5.4.9 Liquid Temperature

This alarm is generated to indicate that the sensor is not reading properly.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Sensor is shorted.	Check for sensor integrity.
The circuit is switched off with the normal shutdown procedure. Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list: Cx LiquidTemperatureSen String in the alarm log: ± Cx LiquidTemperatureSen String in the alarm snapshot Cx LiquidTemperatureSen	Sensor is broken. Sensor is not properly connected (open).	Check correct sensors operation according information about kOhm $(k\Omega)$ range related to temperature values. Check if sensor is shorted with a resistance measurement. Check for correct installation of the sensor on refrigerant circuit pipe. Check for absence of water or humidity on sensor electrical contacts. Check for correct plug-in of the electrical connectors. Check for correct sensors wiring also according with electrical scheme.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

# 5.5 Circuit Pumpdown Stop Alarms

## 5.5.1 Discharge Temperature Sensor fault

This alarm is generated to indicate that the sensor is not reading properly.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Sensor is shorted.	Check for sensor integrity.
The circuit is switched off with the		Check correct sensors operation
normal shutdown procedure.		according information about kOhm
Bell icon is moving on controller's		(k $\Omega$ ) range related to temperature
display.		values.
String in the alarm list:	Sensor is broken.	Check if sensor is shorted with a
CxCmp1 OffDischTmpSen String in the alarm log:		resistance measurement.
± CxCmp1 OffDischTmpSen	Sensor is not properly connected	Check for correct installation of the
String in the alarm snapshot	(open).	sensor on refrigerant circuit pipe.
CxCmp1 OffDischTmpSen		Check for absence of water or
oxompi ondischimpoen		humidity on sensor electrical contacts.
		Check for correct plug-in of the electrical connectors.
		Check for correct sensors wiring also according with electrical scheme.
Reset		Notes
		10003
Network		
Auto		
Auto		

# 5.5.2 Gas Leakage fault

This alarm indicates a gas leakage in the compressor box.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off. The circuit is switched off with the	Gas leakage in the compressors box (A/C units).	Switch off the unit and perform a gas leakage test.
shutdown procedure performing a	(A/C units).	leakaye lest.
deep pumpdown of the circuit. Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list: Cx OffGasLeakage	Gas Leakage in the plant room.	Check if there are leakage on the unit with a detector eventually starting suction fans to change the air in the room.
String in the alarm log: ± Cx OffGasLeakage String in the alarm snapshot Cx OffGasLeakage	Gas leakage sensor fault.	Put the sensor in open air and check that the alarm can be cleared. In case replace the sensor or disable the option before getting a new part.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

#### 5.5.3 High Compressor Vfd Temperature fault

This alarm is generated to indicate that the Vfd temperature is too high to allow the compressor to run.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Cooling solenoid valve is not	Check electrical connection of the
The circuit is switched off with the	operating properly.	solenoid valve.
normal shutdown procedure.		Check refrigerant charge. Low
Bell icon is moving on controller's		refrigerant charge can cause
display.		overheating of the Vfd electronic.
String in the alarm list:		Check for obstructions in the pipe.
CxCmp1 VfdOverTemp	Vfd Heater not properly connected.	Check if Vfd heater is switched off
String in the alarm log:		when the Vfd temperature increases.
± CxCmp1 VfdOverTemp		Check if the contactor that commands
String in the alarm snapshot		the Vfd heater can switch propertly.
CxCmp1 VfdOverTemp		,
Reset		Notes
Local HMI	$\checkmark$	
Network		
Auto		

# 5.5.4 Low Compressor Vfd Temperature fault

This alarm is generated to indicate that the Vfd temperature is too low to allow the compressor to run safely.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off. The circuit is switched off with the normal shutdown procedure. Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list:	Cooling solenoid valve is not operating properly. It's always open when compressor runs.	Check electrical connection of the solenoid valve. Check operation of the valve to see if it can close properly.
CxCmp1 VfdLowTemp String in the alarm log: ± CxCmp1 VfdLowTemp String in the alarm snapshot	Vfd heater is not working.	Check operating cycles of the valve. It has a limited number of cycles. Check if the Vfd heater is powered.
CxCmp1 VfdLowTemp		Check if the Vfd heater is commanded on when Vfd temperature is low.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI Network Auto		

# 5.5.5 Low Discharge Superheat fault

This alarm indicates that the unit has worked for too long with low discharge super heat.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	EEXV is not working correctly.	Check if pump-down can be finished
The circuit is switched off with the	It's not opening enough or it's moving	for pressure limit reached;
shutdown procedure.	in the opposite direction.	Check expansion valve movements.
Bell icon is moving on controller's		Check expansion valve movements.
display.		
String in the alarm list:		Check connection to the valve driver
CxCmp1 OffDishSHLo		on the wiring diagram.
String in the alarm log:		Measure the resistance of each
± CxCmp1 OffDishSHLo		
String in the alarm snapshot		winding, it has to be different from 0 Ohm.
CxCmp1 OffDishSHLo		Onin.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto	$\checkmark$	

#### 5.5.6 Oil Pressure Sensor fault

This alarm is generated to indicate that the sensor is not reading properly.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Sensor is broken.	Check for sensor integrity.
The circuit is switched off with the		Check correct sensors operation
normal shutdown procedure.		according information about mVolt
Bell icon is moving on controller's		(mV) range related to pressure values
display.		in kPa.
String in the alarm list:	Sensor is shorted.	Check if sensor is shorted with a
CxCmp1 OffOilFeedPSen		resistance measurement.
String in the alarm log:	Sensor is not properly connected	Check for correct installation of the
± CxCmp1 OffOilFeedPSen	(open).	sensor on refrigerant circuit pipe. The
String in the alarm snapshot		transducer must be able to sense the
CxCmp1 OffOilFeedPSen		pressure through the valve's needle.
		Check for absence of water or
		humidity on sensor electrical contacts.
		Check for correct plug-in of the
		electrical connectors.
		Check for correct sensors wiring also
		according electrical scheme.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

# 5.5.7 Suction Temperature Sensor fault

This alarm is generated to indicate that the sensor is not reading properly.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Sensor is shorted.	Check for sensor integrity.
The circuit is switched off with the		
normal shutdown procedure.		Check correct sensors operation
Bell icon is moving on controller's display.		according information about kOhm $(k\Omega)$ range related to temperature
String in the alarm list:		values.
CxCmp1 OffSuctTempSen	Sensor is broken.	Check if sensor is shorted with a
String in the alarm log:		resistance measurement.
± CxCmp1 OffSuctTempSen	Sensor is not good connected (open).	Check for correct installation of the
String in the alarm snapshot		sensor on refrigerant circuit pipe.
CxCmp1 OffSuctTempSen		Check for absence of water or
		humidity on sensor electrical contacts. Check for correct plug-in of the
		electrical connectors.
		Check for correct sensors wiring also
		according with electrical scheme.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

# 5.6 Circuit Rapid Stop Alarms

#### 5.6.1 Compressor VFD Fault

This alarm indicates an abnormal condition that forced the inverter to stop.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Inverter is operating in an unsafe	Check the alarm snapshot to identify
The compressor does not load anymore, circuit is immediately stopped. Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list: CxCmp1 OffVfdFault String in the alarm log: ± CxCmp1 OffVfdFault String in the alarm snapshot	condition and for this reason the inverter must be stopped.	the alarm code from the inverter. Contact your service organization to get the problem solved.
CxCmp1 OffVfdFault		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

# 5.6.2 Compressor VFD OverTemp

This alarm indicates that the Inverter temperature has exceeded a safety limits and the inverter has to be stopped in order to avoid damages to components. This alarm is related mainly to operation outside the operating envelope of the VFD.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Insufficient motor cooling	Check refrigerant charge.
The circuit is stopped. Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list: CxCmp1 OffVfdOverTemp		Check if operational envelope of the unit is respected. Check operation of the cooling solenoid valve
String in the alarm log: ± CxCmp1 OffVfdOverTemp		
String in the alarm snapshot CxCmp1 OffVfdOverTemp		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI Network Auto		

#### **Compressor VFD Temperature high** 5.6.3

This alarm indicates that the Inverter temperature has exceeded a safety limits and the inverter has to be stopped in order to avoid damages to components.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Insufficient motor cooling	Check refrigerant charge.
The circuit is stopped. Bell icon is moving on controller's		Check if operational envelope of the unit is respected.
display. String in the alarm list:		Check operation of the cooling solenoid valve
CxCmp1 OffVfdTempHi String in the alarm log: ± CxCmp1 OffVfdTempHi String in the alarm snapshot CxCmp1 OffVfdTempHi	Motor temperature sensor could not operate properly.	Check the readings of the motor temperature sensor and check the Ohmic value. A correct reading should be around hundreds of Ohm at ambient temperature. Check the electrical connection of the sensor with the electronic board.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI Network		
Auto		

#### 5.6.4 Compressor VFD A3 alarm

This alarm indicates that the Inverter tripped for a critical alarm

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off. The circuit is stopped. Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list: Cx OffA3VfdFault String in the alarm log: ± Cx OffA3VfdFault String in the alarm snapshot Cx OffA3VfdFault	A3 Alarm	Contact your Daikin Service reference
Reset		Notes
Local HMI Network Auto		

5.6.5 Condensing Pressure sensor fault This alarm indicates that the condensing pressure transducer is not operating properly.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off. The circuit is stopped. Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list:	Sensor is broken.	Check for sensor integrity. Check correct sensors operation according information about mVolt (mV) range related to pressure values in kPa.
CxCmp1 OffCndPressSen String in the alarm log:	Sensor is shorted.	Check if sensor is shorted with a resistance measurement.
± CxCmp1 OffCndPressSen String in the alarm snapshot CxCmp1 OffCndPressSen	Sensor is not properly connected (open).	Check for correct installation of the sensor on refrigerant circuit pipe. The transducer must be able to sense the pressure through the valve's needle. Check for absence of water or humidity on sensor electrical contacts. Check for correct plug-in of the electrical connectors. Check for correct sensors wiring also according electrical scheme.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI Network Auto		

#### 5.6.6 EXV Driver Communication Failure

This alarm indicates that the EXV driver module is not properly communicating with the unit controller.

Symptom Cause Solution	Symptom
Circuit is stopped if the discharge temperature reach the high limit value.       Hardware Error       Contact your service organization get the problem solved.         Bell icon is moving on controller's display.       Hardware Error       get the problem solved.         String in the alarm list:       Cx OffEXVCtrlrComFail       String in the alarm log:         ± Cx OffEXVCtrlrComFail       String in the alarm snapshot       Cx OffEXVCtrlrComFail	temperature reach the high limit value. Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list: Cx OffEXVCtrlrComFail String in the alarm log: ± Cx OffEXVCtrlrComFail String in the alarm snapshot

#### 5.6.7 EXV Driver Failure (TZ-A only)

This alarm indicates that the EXV driver module is not properly communicating with the unit controller.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit is stopped if the discharge temperature reach the high limit value. Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list: Cx OffEXVDriverFail String in the alarm log: ± Cx OffEXVDriverFail String in the alarm snapshot Cx OffEXVDriverFail	Firmware Error	Contact your service organization to get the problem solved.

#### 5.6.8 Economizer EXV Driver Error

This alarm indicates an abnormal condition of the Economizer EXV Driver.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit is stopped if the discharge temperature reach the high limit value. Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list: Cx EcoEXVDrvError String in the alarm log: ± Cx OffEcoEXVDrvError String in the alarm snapshot Cx OffEcoEXVDrvError	Hardware Error	Contact your service organization to get the problem solved.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

#### 5.6.9 Economizer EXV Motor Not Connected

This alarm indicates an abnormal condition of the Economizer EXV Driver.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit is stopped if the discharge	Valve not connected.	Referring to the wiring diagram check
temperature reach the high limit		if the valve is correctly connected to
value.		the module.
Bell icon is moving on controller's		
display.		
String in the alarm list:		
Cx EcoEXVMotor		
String in the alarm log:		
± Cx EcoEXVMotor		
String in the alarm snapshot		
Cx EcoEXVMotor		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

# 5.6.10 Evaporating Pressure sensor fault

This alarm indicates that the evaporating pressure transducer is not operating properly.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Symptom Circuit status is Off. The circuit is stopped. Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list: CxCmp1 EvapPressSen String in the alarm log: ± CxCmp1 EvapPressSen String in the alarm snapshot CxCmp1 EvapPressSen	Cause Sensor is broken. Sensor is shorted. Sensor is not properly connected (open).	Solution Check for sensor integrity. Check correct sensors operation according information about mVolt (mV) range related to pressure values in kPa. Check if sensor is shorted with a resistance measurement. Check for correct installation of the sensor on refrigerant circuit pipe. The transducer must be able to sense the pressure through the valve's needle. Check for absence of water or humidity on sensor electrical contacts. Check for correct plug-in of the
		electrical connectors. Check for correct sensors wiring also according electrical scheme.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI Network Auto		

# 5.6.11 EXV Driver Error (A/C units only)

This alarm indicates an abnormal condition of the EXV Driver.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Hardware Error	Contact your service organization to
Circuit is immediately stopped.		get the problem solved.
Bell icon is moving on controller's		
display.		
String in the alarm list:		
Cx OffEXVDrvError		
String in the alarm log:		
± Cx OffEXVDrvError		
String in the alarm snapshot		
Cx OffEXVDrvError		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI	$\checkmark$	
Network		
Auto		

# 5.6.12 EXV Motor Not Connected (TZ B and TZC units only)

This alarm indicates an abnormal condition of the EXV Driver.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Valve not connected.	Referring to the wiring diagram check
Circuit is immediately stopped.		if the valve is correctly connected to
Bell icon is moving on controller's		the module.
display.		
String in the alarm list:		
Cx OffEXVMotor		
String in the alarm log:		
± Cx OffEXVMotor		
String in the alarm snapshot		
Cx OffEXVMotor		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

#### 5.6.13 Fail Start Low Pressure

This alarm indicates that at the compressor start the evaporating pressure or condensing pressure is below a minimum fixed limit at compressor start.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Ambient temperature is too low (A/C	Check the operating envelope for this
The circuit is stopped.	units)	machine.
Bell icon is moving on controller's		
display.		
String in the alarm list:	Circuit refrigerant charge is too low	Check refrigerant charge.
Cx OffStartFailEvpPrLo	5 5	5 5
String in the alarm log:		Check for gas leakage with a sniffer.
± Cx OffStartFailEvpPrLo		5 5
String in the alarm snapshot		
Cx OffStartFailEvpPrLo		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI	$\checkmark$	
Network		
Auto		

#### 5.6.14 Fan VFD Over Current

This alarm indicates that the Inverter current has exceeded a safety limits and the inverter has to be stopped in order to avoid damages to components.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	The ambient temperature is too high.	Check the unit selection to see if the
The circuit is stopped.		unit can operate at full load.
Bell icon is moving on controller's		Check if all fans are operating
display.		properly and are able to keep the
String in the alarm list:		condensing pressure at the proper
CxCmp1 OffVfdOverCurr		level.
String in the alarm log:		Clean condenser coils to allow a lower
± CxCmp1 OffVfdOverCurr		condensing pressure.
String in the alarm snapshot		
CxCmp1 OffVfdOverCurr		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI	$\checkmark$	
Network		
Auto		

#### 5.6.15 High Discharge Temperature Alarm

This alarm indicates that the temperature at the discharge port of the compressor exceeded a maximum limit which may cause damages to the mechanical parts of the compressor.

When this alarm occurs compressor's crankcase and discharge pipes may become very hot. Be careful when getting in contact with the compressor and discharge pipes in this condition.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Liquid Injection solenoid valve is not	Check the electrical connection
The compressor does not load	operating properly.	between the controller and the liquid
anymore or even unload, circuit is		injection solenoid valve.
stopped.		Check if the solenoid coil operates
Bell icon is moving on controller's		properly
display.		Check if the digital output operates
String in the alarm list:		correctly.
CxCmp1 OffDischTmpHi	Liquid injection orifice is small.	Check if when the liquid injection
String in the alarm log:		solenoid is activated the temperature
± CxCmp1 OffDischTmpHi		can be controlled between the limits.
String in the alarm snapshot		Check that the liquid injection line is
CxCmp1 OffDischTmpHi		not obstructed by observing the
		discharge temperature when it is
		activated.
	Discharge temperature sensor could	Check for proper operation of the
	not operate properly.	discharge temperature
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

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# 5.6.16 High Motor Current Alarm

This alarm indicates that the compressor absorbed current is exceeding a predefined limit.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	The ambient temperature is too high	Check the unit selection to see if the
The compressor does not load	(A/C units)	unit can operate at full load.
anymore or even unload, circuit is		Check if all fans are operating
stopped.		properly and are able to keep the
Bell icon is moving on controller's		condensing pressure at the proper
display.		level (A/C units).
String in the alarm list:		Clean condenser coils to allow a lower
CxCmp1 OffMtrAmpsHi		condensing pressure (A/C units).
String in the alarm log:	The wrong compressor model has	Check the compressor model for this
± CxCmp1 OffMtrAmpsHi	been selected.	unit.
String in the alarm snapshot		
CxCmp1 OffMtrAmpsHi		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

# 5.6.17 High Motor Temperature Alarm

This alarm indicates that the motor temperature has exceeded the maximum temperature limit for safe operations.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off. The compressor does not load anymore or even unload, circuit is	Insufficient motor cooling.	Check refrigerant charge.
stopped. Bell icon is moving on controller's display.		Check if operational envelope of the unit is respected.
String in the alarm list:	Motor temperature sensor could not	Check the readings of the motor
CxCmp1 OffMotorTempHi	operate properly.	temperature sensor and check the
String in the alarm log:		Ohmic value. A correct reading should
± CxCmp1 OffMotorTempHi		be around hundreds of Ohm at
String in the alarm snapshot		ambient temperature.
CxCmp1 OffMotorTempHi		Check the electrical connection of the sensor with the electronic board.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

# 5.6.18 High Oil Pressure Differential Alarm

This alarm indicates that the oil filter is clogged and needs to be replaced.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Oil filter is clogged.	Replace oil filter.
The circuit is stopped.		
Bell icon is moving on controller's display. String in the alarm list: CxCmp1 OffOilPrDiffHi	Oil Pressure Transducer is reading incorrectly.	Check Oil Pressure Transducer readings with a gauge.
String in the alarm log:	Condensing Pressure Transducer is	Check Condensing Pressure
± CxCmp1 OffOilPrDiffHi	reading incorrectly.	Transducer readings with a gauge.
String in the alarm snapshot		
CxCmp1 OffOilPrDiffHi		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI	$\checkmark$	
Network		
Auto		

#### 5.6.19 High Pressure alarm

This alarm is generated in case the Condensing saturated temperature rise above the Maximum condensing saturated temperature and the control is not able to compensate to this condition. The maximum condenser saturated temperature is 68.5°C but it can decrease when the evaporator saturated temperature become negative.

In case of water cooled chillers operating at high condenser water temperature, if the Condensing saturated temperature exceeds the Maximum condenser saturated temperature, the circuit is only switched off without any notification on the screen as this condition is considered acceptable in this range of operation.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off. The compressor does not load	One or more condenser fans do not operate properly (A/C units).	Check if fans protections have been activated.
anymore or even unload, circuit is		Check that the fans can turn freely.
stopped. Bell icon is moving on controller's		Check that there is not any obstacle to the free ejection of the air blown.
display. String in the alarm list: CxCmp1 OffCndPressHi	Dirty or partially blocked condenser coil (A/C units).	Remove any obstacle; Clean the condenser coil using soft brush and blower.
String in the alarm log: ± CxCmp1 OffCndPressHi String in the alarm snapshot CxCmp1 OffCndPressHi	Inlet air temperature of the condenser is too high (A/C units).	The air temperature measured at the inlet of the condenser may not exceed the limit indicated in the operational range (working envelope) of the chiller.
		Check the location where the unit is installed and check that there are no any short circuit of the hot-air blown from the fans of the same unit, or even from fans of next chillers (Check IOM for proper installation).
	One or more condenser fan turning in wrong direction (A/C units).	Check for correct phases sequence (L1, L2, L3) in the electrical connection of the fans.
	Excessive charge of refrigerant into the unit.	Check liquid sub-cooling and suction super-heat to control indirectly the correct charge of refrigerant. If necessary recover all the refrigerant to weight the entire charge and to control if the value is in line with kg indication on unit label.
	Condensing pressure transducer could not operate properly.	Check for proper operation of the high pressure sensor.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

5.6.20 Low Pressure alarm This alarm is generated in case the evaporating pressure drops below the Low Pressure Unload and the control is not able to compensate to this condition.

Symptom	Cause		Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Transitory conditio	n like a fan staging	Wait until the condition is recovered
The compressor does not load	(A/C units).		by EXV control
anymore or even unload, circuit is	Refrigerant charge	is low.	Check sight glass on liquid line to see
stopped immediately.			if there is flash gas.
Bell icon is moving on controller's			Measure sub-cooling to see if the
display.			charge is correct.
String in the alarm list:		set to fit customer	Check the evaporator approach and
CxCmp1 OffEvpPressLo	application.		the corresponding water temperature
String in the alarm log:			to evaluate the low pressure hold limit.
± CxCmp1 OffEvpPressLo	High Evaporator A	pproach.	Clean the evaporator
String in the alarm snapshot			Check the quality of the fluid that flows
CxCmp1 OffEvpPressLo			into heat exchanger.
			Check the glycol percentage and type
			(ethilenic or propilenic)
		ter heat exchanger	Increase the water flow.
	is too low.		Check that evaporator water pump is
			operating correctly providing the
			required water flow.
	not working proper	sure transducer is	Check the sensor for proper operation and calibrate the readings with a
	not working proper	iy.	•
	EEXV is not workir	a correctly	gauge. Check if pump-down can be finished
		ough or it's moving	for pressure limit reached;
	in the opposite dire		Check expansion valve movements.
			Check connection to the valve driver
			on the wiring diagram.
			Measure the resistance of each
			winding, it has to be different from 0
			Ohm.
	Water temperature	is low	Increase inlet water temperature.
			Check the low pressure safeties
			settings.
Reset	A/C units		Notes
Local HMI	$\checkmark$		
Network	x		
Auto			

# 5.6.21 Low Pressure Ratio Alarm

This alarm indicates that the ratio between evaporating and condensing pressure is below a limit which depends on compressor speed and guarantees the proper lubrication to compressor.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Compressor is not able to develop the	Check fan setpoint and settings, it
The circuit is stopped.	minimum compression.	could be too low (A/C units).
Bell icon is moving on controller's		Check compressor absorbed current
display.		and discharge superheat.
String in the alarm list:		Compressor can be damaged.
CxCmp1 OffPrRatioLo		Check the correct operation of suction
String in the alarm log:		/ delivery pressure sensors.
± CxCmp1 OffPrRatioLo		Check the internal relief valve didn't
String in the alarm snapshot		opened during previous operation
CxCmp1 OffPrRatioLo		(check the unit history).
		Note:
		If the difference between delivery and
		suction pressure exceed 22bar, the internal relief valve open and need to
		be replaced.
		Inspect the gate rotors / screw rotor
		for possible damages.
		Check if the cooling tower or three
		way valves are operating correctly
		and properly set.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

#### 5.6.22 Maximum Number of Restart Alarm

This alarm indicates that for three consecutive times after the compressor start the evaporating pressure is under a minimum limit for too much time

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Ambient temperature is too low	Check the operating envelope for this
The circuit is stopped.		machine.
Bell icon is moving on controller's		
display.		
String in the alarm list:		
Cx OffNbrRestarts		
String in the alarm log:		
± Cx OffNbrRestarts		
String in the alarm snapshot		
Cx OffNbrRestarts		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network	$\checkmark$	
Auto		

# 5.6.23 Mechanical High Pressure Alarm

This alarm is generated when the condenser pressure rises above the mechanical high pressure limit causing this device to open the power supply to all the auxiliary relays. This causes an immediate shutdown of compressor and all the other actuators in this circuit.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off. The compressor does not load anymore or even unload, circuit is	One or more condenser fans do not operate properly(A/C units).	Check if fans protections have been activated. Check that the fans can turn freely.
stopped. Bell icon is moving on controller's		Check that there is not any obstacle to the free ejection of the air blown.
display. String in the alarm list: CxCmp1 OffMechPressHi	Dirty or partially blocked condenser coil (A/C units).	Remove any obstacle; Clean the condenser coil using soft brush and blower.
String in the alarm log: ± CxCmp1 OffMechPressHi String in the alarm snapshot CxCmp1 OffMechPressHi	Inlet air temperature of the condenser is too high (A/C units).	The air temperature measured at the inlet of the condenser may not exceed the limit indicated in the operational range (working envelope) of the chiller (A/C units). Check the location where the unit is installed and check that there are no any short circuit of the hot-air blown from the fans of the same unit, or even from fans of next chillers (Check IOM for proper installation).
	One or more condenser fan turning in wrong direction.	Check for correct phases sequence (L1, L2, L3) in the electrical connection of the fans.
	Mechanical high pressure switch is damaged or not calibrated.	Check for proper operation of the high pressure switch.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI Network Auto		Reset of this alarm requires a manual action on the high pressure switch.

#### 5.6.24 No Pressure At Start Alarm

This alarm is used to indicate a condition where the pressure at the evaporator or at the condenser is lower than 35kPa, so the circuit is potentially empty of refrigerant.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Evaporator or condenser pressure	Check transducers calibration with an
The compressor does not start	are below 35kPa	appropriate gauge.
Bell icon is moving on controller's		Check transducers cabling and
display.		readout.
String in the alarm list:		
Cx OffNoPressAtStart		Check refrigerant charge and set it to
String in the alarm log:		the proper value.
± Cx OffNoPressAtStart		
String in the alarm snapshot		
Cx OffNoPressAtStart		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

#### 5.6.25 No Pressure Change At Start Alarm

This alarm indicates that the compressor is not able to start or to create a certain minimum variation of the evaporating or condensing pressures after start.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Compressor cannot start	Check if the start signal is properly
The circuit is stopped.		connected to the inverter.
Bell icon is moving on controller's	Compressor is turning in wrong	Check correct phases sequence to
display.	direction.	the compressor (L1, L2, L3) according
String in the alarm list:		to the electrical scheme.
Cx OffNoPressChgStart String in the alarm log:		
± Cx OffNoPressChgStart		Inverter is not properly programmed
String in the alarm snapshot		with the right direction of rotation
Cx OffNoPressChgStart	Refrigerant circuit is empty of	Check circuit pressure and presence
ex entre rescongetart	refrigerant.	of refrigerant.
	Not proper operation of evaporating	Check proper operation of
	or condensing pressure transducers.	evaporating or condensing pressure
		transducers.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		
Network		
Auto		

#### 5.6.26 Overvoltage Alarm (TZ-A and TZ-B)

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This alarm indicates that chiller supply voltage exceeded the maximum limit which allows proper operations of the components. This is estimated looking at the DC voltage on the inverter which depends of course from the main power.

Resolution of this fault requires a direct intervention on the power supply of this unit. Direct intervention on the power supply can cause electrocution, burns or even death. This action must be performed only by trained persons. In case of doubts contact your maintenance company.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Chiller main power supply had an up	Check if main power supply is within
The circuit is stopped.	peak which caused the trip.	the acceptable tolerance for this
Bell icon is moving on controller's		chiller
display.		
String in the alarm list:	Main power supply setting on the	Measure the power supply to the
Cx OffOverVoltage	Microtech is not suitable with the	chiller and select the proper value on
String in the alarm log:	power supply in use (A/C units).	the Microtech HMI.
± Cx OffOverVoltage		
String in the alarm snapshot		
Cx OffOverVoltage		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI	X	The alarm clears automatically when
Network		the voltage is reduced to an
Auto		acceptable limit.

#### 5.6.27 Overvoltage Alarm on input voltage (TZ-C)

This alarm indicates that chiller supply voltage exceeded the maximum limit which allows proper operations of the components. This is estimated looking at the DC voltage on the inverter which depends of course from the main power.



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Resolution of this fault requires a direct intervention on the power supply of this unit. Direct intervention on the power supply can cause electrocution, burns or even death. This action must be performed only by trained persons. In case of doubts contact your maintenance company.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Chiller main power supply had an up	Check if main power supply is within
The circuit is stopped.	peak which caused the trip.	the acceptable tolerance for this
Bell icon is moving on controller's display.		chiller
String in the alarm list: Cx OffOverVoltage-AC String in the alarm log: ± Cx OffOverVoltage-AC String in the alarm snapshot Cx OffOverVoltage-AC	Main power supply setting on the Microtech is not suitable with the power supply in use (A/C units).	Measure the power supply to the chiller and select the proper value on the Microtech HMI.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI	X	The alarm clears automatically when
Network	X	the voltage is reduced to an
Auto		acceptable limit.

#### 5.6.28 Overvoltage Alarm on DC rectified voltage (TZ-C)

This alarm indicates that chiller supply voltage exceeded the maximum limit which allows proper operations of the components. This is estimated looking at the DC voltage on the inverter which depends of course from the main power.

Resolution of this fault requires a direct intervention on the power supply of this unit. Direct intervention on the power supply can cause electrocution, burns or even death. This action must be performed only by trained persons. In case of doubts contact your maintenance company.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Chiller main power supply had an up	Check if main power supply is within
The circuit is stopped.	peak which caused the trip.	the acceptable tolerance for this
Bell icon is moving on controller's		chiller
display.	Main nower supply setting on the	Maggura the newer supply to the
String in the alarm list:	Main power supply setting on the Microtech is not suitable with the	Measure the power supply to the chiller and select the proper value on
Cx OffOverVoltage-DC	power supply in use (A/C units).	the Microtech HMI.
String in the alarm log:	power supply in use (A/O units).	
± Cx OffOverVoltage-DC		
String in the alarm snapshot Cx OffOverVoltage-DC		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		The alarm clears automatically when
Network	$\mathbf{X}$	the voltage is reduced to an
Auto		acceptable limit.

#### 5.6.29 Undervoltage Alarm (TZ-A and TZ-B)

This alarm indicates that chiller supply voltage exceeded the minimum limit which allows proper operations of the components.



Resolution of this fault requires a direct intervention on the power supply of this unit. Direct intervention on the power supply can cause electrocution, burns or even death. This action must be performed only by trained persons. In case of doubts contact your maintenance company.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Chiller main power supply had a down	Check if main power supply is within
The circuit is stopped.	peak which caused the trip.	the acceptable tolerance for this
Bell icon is moving on controller's		chiller
display.		
String in the alarm list:	Main power supply setting on the	Measure the power supply to the
Cx OffUnderVoltage	Microtech is not suitable with the	chiller and select the proper value on
String in the alarm log:	power supply in use (A/C units).	the Microtech HMI.
± Cx OffUnderVoltage		
String in the alarm snapshot		
Cx OffUnderVoltage		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI	X	The alarm clears automatically when
Network		the voltage is increased to an
Auto		acceptable limit.

#### 5.6.30 Undervoltage Alarm on on input voltage (TZ-C)

This alarm indicates that chiller supply voltage exceeded the minimum limit which allows proper operations of the components.

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Resolution of this fault requires a direct intervention on the power supply of this unit. Direct intervention on the power supply can cause electrocution, burns or even death. This action must be performed only by trained persons. In case of doubts contact your maintenance company.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Chiller main power supply had a down	Check if main power supply is within
The circuit is stopped.	peak which caused the trip.	the acceptable tolerance for this
Bell icon is moving on controller's		chiller
display.	Main managements and the set of the	Manager that many any structure to the
String in the alarm list:	Main power supply setting on the	Measure the power supply to the
Cx OffUnderVoltage-AC	Microtech is not suitable with the	chiller and select the proper value on the Microtech HMI.
String in the alarm log:	power supply in use (A/C units).	
± Cx OffUnderVoltage-AC		
String in the alarm snapshot		
Cx OffUnderVoltage-AC		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI	X	The alarm clears automatically when
Network		the voltage is increased to an
Auto		acceptable limit.

# 5.6.31 Undervoltage Alarm on DC rectified voltage (TZ-C)

This alarm indicates that chiller supply voltage exceeded the minimum limit which allows proper operations of the components.



Resolution of this fault requires a direct intervention on the power supply of this unit. Direct intervention on the power supply can cause electrocution, burns or even death. This action must be performed only by trained persons. In case of doubts contact your maintenance company.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	Chiller main power supply had a down	Check if main power supply is within
The circuit is stopped.	peak which caused the trip.	the acceptable tolerance for this
Bell icon is moving on controller's		chiller
display.		
String in the alarm list:	Main power supply setting on the	Measure the power supply to the
Cx OffUnderVoltage-DC	Microtech is not suitable with the	chiller and select the proper value on
String in the alarm log:	power supply in use (A/C units).	the Microtech HMI.
± Cx OffUnderVoltage-DC		
String in the alarm snapshot		
Cx OffUnderVoltage-DC		
Reset		Notes
Local HMI	X	The alarm clears automatically when
Network		the voltage is increased to an
Auto		acceptable limit.

# 5.6.32 VFD Communication Failure

This alarm indicates a communication problem with the inverter.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Circuit status is Off.	RS485 network is not properly cabled.	Check the continuity of the RS485
The compressor does not load		network with the unit off. There should
anymore, circuit is immediately		be continuity from the main controller
stopped.		to the last inverter as indicated on the
Bell icon is moving on controller's		wiring diagram.
display.	Modbus communication is not running	Check inverter addresses and
String in the alarm list:	properly.	addresses of all the additional devices
CxCmp1 OffVfdCommFail		in the RS485 network (for example
String in the alarm log:		the energy meter). All the addresses
± CxCmp1 OffVfdCommFail		must be different.
String in the alarm snapshot	Modbus interface card can be faulty	Check with your service organization
CxCmp1 OffVfdCommFail		to evaluate this possibility and
		eventually replace the board.
Reset		Notes
Local HMI		The alarm clears automatically when
Network		the communication is re-established.
Auto		

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